Introduced	
Public Hearing —	
Council Action —	
Executive Action -	
Effective Date —	

## **County Council of Howard County, Maryland**

2017 Legislative Session Legislative Day No. 13

## Bill No. 78-2017

Introduced by: Greg Fox, Mary Kay Sigaty, and the Chairperson at the request of the County Executive

AN ACT amending the Howard County Fire Prevention Code in order to require that piles of certain material regulated by the Fire Prevention Code be turned or reclaimed in accordance with State law; specifying the height requirement for certain materials; adding that certain materials may constitute a public nuisance; clarifying that the right to farm does not apply when an agricultural operation does not comply with the Fire Prevention Code; and generally relating to fire safety requirements and fire prevention in Howard County.

Introduced and read first time, 2017. Ordered	ed posted and hearing scheduled.
Ву	order
	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of Bi for a second time at a public hearing on, 20	
By	order
2,	order Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
This Bill was read the third time on, 2017 and Passed _	, Passed with amendments, Failed
Ву	order
•	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive fo a.m./p.m.	or approval thisday of, 2017 at
By	order
•	order Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
Approved/Vetoed by the County Executive, 20	017
	Allan H. Kittleman. County Executive

NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TEXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike-out indicates material deleted by amendment; Underlining indicates material added by amendment.

1	Section 1. Be	e It Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that the Howard		
2	County Code	is amended as follows:		
3				
4	By amending:			
5	Title 1	7 "Public Protection Services"		
6	Subsect	tion (c)(258) and (c)(259) of Section 17.104. Howard County Fire Prevention		
7	Code.			
8				
9	Title 1	7 "Public Protection Services"		
10	Section	n 17.106. Rubbish, debris, noxious weeds declared to be a nuisance.		
11				
12	Title 12 "Health and Social Services"			
13	Section	n 12.111. Nuisance Suits Against Agricultural Operations.		
14				
15		Title 17. Public Protection Services.		
16		Subtitle 1. Fire and Rescue Services.		
17				
18	Section 17.10	4. Howard County Fire Prevention Code.		
19	(c) Local Am	endments to the Howard County Fire Prevention Code: The following		
20	amendments i	modify certain provisions of the adopted code:		
21	(258)	Subsection 31.3.6.2.2		
22		Add new paragraph 9 after paragraph 8 as follows:		
23		A pile containing leaves and other extraneous or hogged material, [[such as a		
24		whole tree chip pile]]INCLUDING NATURAL WOOD WASTE, shall be turned or		
25		reclaimed IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE LAW AND AT A MINIMUM every three		
26		months.		
27	(259)	Subsection 31.3.6.3.1		
28		Delete this subsection and substitute the following:		
29		Piles may not exceed 18 feet in height FOR UNGROUND MATERIALS OR 10 FEET IN		
30		<b>HEIGHT FOR GROUND MATERIALS</b> , 50 feet in width, and 350 feet in length.		
31		[[Two piles]] When more than one pile exists, piles shall be divided by a		
32		fire lane having at least 25 feet of clear space at the base of the pile.		

1	(260)	Subsec	etion 31.3.6.3.2
2		Delete	this subsection.
3	(261)	Subsec	etion 31.3.6.3.2.1
4		Delete	this subsection.
5	(262)	Subsec	etion 31.3.6.3.2.2
6		Delete	this subsection.
7	(263)	Subsec	etion 31.3.6.3.2.3
8		Delete	this subsection.
9	(264)	Subsec	etion 31.3.6.3.5.1
10		Add no	ew subsection 31.3.6.3.5.1 after subsection 31.3.6.3.5 as follows:
11		If the o	operation is located outside of a municipal water supply the following will
12		apply:	
13		(i)	The AHJ will require a reliable certified water supply system with the
14			capability to supply 1000 gallons per every 10,000 cubic feet of pile. The
15			supply system must be capable of producing a minimum of 250 gpm
16			(preferred is 500gpm) for at least 2 hours.
17		(ii)	The Mulch/Wood Processing operation shall have a Fire Station located
18			within 5 travel miles of the location.
19		(iii)	If the water supply is static it is to be certified by an engineer and capable
20			to supply the amount required by paragraph (i) of this subsection. If the
21			water supply is below the minimum amount, then the supply must be
22			capable of at least 30,000 gallons at all times. The maximum size of water
23			supply needed may be based on the proposed operation and approved by
24			the AHJ.
25		(iv)	Based on the amount of material on site, other provisions such as
26			sprinklers, pre-piped systems, or constant monitoring of the pile may be
27			required.
28			

Section 17.106. Rubbish, debris, noxious weeds declared to be a nuisance.

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(a) What Constitutes a Public Nuisance. Except for weeds, brush and grass on land actively devoted to agricultural or conservation uses, the following are declared a public nuisance:

- 2 Rubbish, trash, dry brush, noxious weeds or grass exceeding 12 inches in height, **WOOD CHIPS**
- 3 OR HOGGED MATERIAL, INCLUDING NATURAL WOOD WASTE, or debris or other material of a
- 4 flammable nature which creates or tends to create a fire hazard endangering life or property or
- 5 which may interfere with emergency operations or endanger fire service personnel.
- 6 (b) Unlawful to Permit Public Nuisance. It shall be unlawful for anyone to permit a public
- 7 nuisance listed in subsection (a) to remain on any lot or parcel of ground.
- 8 (c) Removal; Notice. The Director of Fire and Rescue Services shall send a notice by registered
- 9 or certified mail to the owner of any lot or parcel of ground where the Director determines that a
- 10 public nuisance exists. The notice shall:
- 11 (1) Require the property owner to abate the nuisance within ten days;
- 12 (2) State that if the nuisance is not abated within ten days, the County may abate the nuisance at the expense of the property owner.
- 14 (d) *Extension*. If the property owner is unable to comply with a notice within ten days after its receipt, the property owner shall submit a request for an extension of time. Upon receipt of the
- request, the Fire Official may grant an extension of time, not to exceed 90 days. The request for
- 17 an extension shall:
- 18 (1) Be submitted to the Fire Official; and
- 19 (2) State the reasons for the request.
- 20 (e) *Penalties:*

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- 21 (1) A person who fails to comply with a notice issued by the Fire Official is guilty of
  22 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine, not exceeding
  23 \$1,000.00, or imprisonment, not exceeding 30 days, or both. Alternatively, or in
  24 addition to and concurrent with all other remedies at law or at equity, the
  25 Department of Fire and Rescue Services may enforce the provisions of this
  26 section with civil penalties pursuant to title 24, "Civil Penalties" of the Howard
- 28 (2) The Fire Official may bring action in court to enforce compliance with an order to

County Code. A violation of this section is a Class C offense.

30 (3) If a person refuses or fails to comply with the provisions of this subtitle or to correct a nuisance within the time specified in the notice of violation, the Fire

comply with this subtitle or to correct a nuisance.

1	Official may petition the court for an order permitting entry upon the property to
2	abate the violation or correct the nuisance at the owner's expense.
3	
4	Title 12. Health and Social Services.
5	Subtitle 1. Health Code.
6	
7	Section 12.111. Nuisance suits against agricultural operations.
8	(a) Short Title. This section shall be known and may be cited as the Howard County Right-To-
9	Farm Act, Bill No. 22, 1989.
10	(b) Public Policy. The practice of agriculture has been a mainstay of the economy of Howard
11	County since the land was settled. Agriculture is a valued and respected way of life, and the
12	preferred land use in the Rural Conservation (RC) Zoning District, a valued land use in the Rural
13	Residential (RR) Zoning District and on property that has an agricultural use assessment as
14	determined by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The Howard County Council
15	hereby finds and declares that the practice of farming in Howard County should be protected and
16	encouraged.
17	In addition, as Howard County continues to grow, residents are increasingly interacting more
18	with the agricultural community making it extremely important for clear communication and
19	mutual respect for one another. Agricultural operations, in many cases, involve noise, dust, odor,
20	slow moving vehicles, and early morning/late evening activity. Howard County farmers are
21	committed to providing a safe quality product for consumers, preserving the environment for the
22	next generation, and being good neighbors. At the same time these activities may have some
23	effect on adjoining properties. It is important that both the agricultural community and
24	neighboring residents respect one another so that agriculture can continue to serve as the
25	foundation of Howard County.
26	(c) Definitions. In this section agricultural operation includes agriculture, apiaries, horticulture,
27	orchards, agricultural nurseries, viticulture, aquaculture, silviculture, animal and poultry
28	husbandry, and farming as defined in the Howard County Zoning Regulations. An agricultural
29	operation may occur without limitation as to hours of operation. The harvesting and processing
30	of agricultural crops and other uses or structures directly related to or accessory to the premises

for farming are considered part of an agricultural operation. Agricultural practices included as 1 2 part of an agricultural operation include, but are not limited to: 3 (1) The transportation of agricultural products; 4 The transportation, storage, handling, and application of fertilizer, soil (2) 5 amendments, pesticides, and manure; and 6 (3)The operation of agricultural machinery and equipment. 7 (d) Protection for Agricultural Operations. In RC and RR zoning districts, and on property that 8 has an agricultural use assessment as determined by the State Department of Assessments and 9 Taxation, an agricultural operation may not legally be considered a public or private nuisance; 10 and a private action may not be sustained on the grounds that the agricultural operation interferes 11 or has interfered with the use or enjoyment of other property, whether public or private, if: 12 (1) The agricultural operation existed before a change occurred in the adjoining land 13 use or occupancy of land and, before such change in land use or occupancy of 14 land, the agricultural operation did not constitute a nuisance; or 15 (2) The agricultural operation, including any change in the operation, has been 16 ongoing for one year or more and the operation or change did not constitute a 17 nuisance from the date the operation began or the date the change in the operation began; and 18 19 (3) The agricultural operation is conducted in accordance with generally accepted 20 agricultural management practices. 21 (e) *Exceptions*. This section does not apply to: 22 (1) An agricultural operation that does not conform to Federal, State or local health, 23 HOWARD COUNTY FIRE PREVENTION CODE, or zoning requirements; 24 (2) A Federal, State or local agency when enforcing air, water quality, or other 25 environmental standards under Federal, State or local law; or 26 (3) An agricultural operation that is conducted in a negligent manner. 27 (f) Limitations of Actions. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, no action alleging that 28 an agricultural operation conducted in accordance with generally accepted agricultural practices 29 has interfered with the reasonable use or enjoyment of real property or personal well-being shall 30 be maintained if the plaintiff has not sought mediation through the Maryland Agricultural 31 Conflict Resolution Service within the Maryland Department of Agriculture, as provided for

- in Title 5, Subtitle 4 of the Courts and Judicial Proceedings article of the Annotated Code of
- 2 Maryland.
- 3 (g) Legal costs. In any civil action, if a court finds that the agricultural operation alleged to be a
- 4 nuisance is found not to be a nuisance and that the suit was brought in bad faith or without
- 5 substantial justification, the court should require the plaintiff to pay the costs of the proceedings
- and the reasonable expenses associated with the litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees,
- 7 incurred by the owner, operator or both, the owner and operator, of the agricultural operation in
- 8 defending against the legal action.

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- 10 Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland that
- 11 this Act shall become effective 61 days after its enactment.