Introduced	
Public Hearing	
Council Action	
Executive Action	
Effective Date	

County Council of Howard County, Maryland

2019 Legislative Session Legislative Day No. 4

Bill No. 10 -2019

Introduced by the Chairperson at the request of the County Executive

AN ACT expanding and clarifying upon the purpose of Storm Drainage provisions in the Howard County Code; defining certain terms; allowing the authority to enter into certain buildings, structures or premises in order to take certain actions when there exists a possible impediment to the passage of water during rain events; clarifying that the failure of a property owner to complete certain corrective action is a violation of the Howard County Code; and generally relating to Storm Drainage.

Introduced and read first time, 2019.	. Ordered posted	and hearing scheduled.
	By order	
	By order	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of second time at a public hearing on		n published according to Charter, the Bill was read for a
	By order	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
		Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
This Bill was read the third time on, 2019 and Pass	ed, Passed w	rith amendments, Failed
	By order	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive		
	By order	Jessica Feldmark, Administrator
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Approved/Vetoed by the County Executive	, 2019	
		Calvin Pall County Evacutive

NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TEXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike-out indicates material deleted by amendment; <u>Underlining</u> indicates material added by amendment.

1	Section 1. Be It Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that the Howard		
2	County Code is amended as follows:		
3	By amending		
4	Title 18.Public Works.		
5	Subtitle 5. Storm Drainage Systems.		
6	1. Section 18.500. Purpose.		
7	2. Section 18.501. Definitions.		
8	3. Section 18.503. Right of Entry.		
9	4. Subsection (a) of Section 18.504. Repair and maintenance of private		
10	storm drain facilities in residential areas.		
11			
12	Title 18. Public Works.		
13	Subtitle 5. Storm Drainage Systems.		
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15	Section 18.500. – Purpose.		
16	The purpose of this subtitle is to PROVIDE FOR THE PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE STORM		
17	DRAINAGE SYSTEMS WITHIN THE COUNTY, INCLUDING WATERWAYS, TO prohibit certain		
18	stormwater and nonstormwater discharges [[into]]TO [[publicly and privately owned]] storm		
19	drainage [[facilities]]SYSTEMS or [[waterways and]]WATERWAYS, to [[provide for]]REQUIRE the		
20	repair and maintenance of privately owned storm drainage [[facilities]]FACILITIES, AND TO		
21	PROVIDE THAT THE FAILURE TO MAINTAIN CERTAIN PRIVATELY OWNED STORM DRAINAGE		
22	FACILITIES IS A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE.		
23			
24	Section 18.501 Definitions.		
25	Terms used in this subtitle have the meaning indicated.		
26	(a) Best management practice shall have the meaning set forth in title 18, subtitle 9 of the Howard		
27	County Code.		
28	(b) Department means the Department of Public Works.		
29	(c) Director means the Director of the Department of Public Works or the Director's authorized		
30	designee.		
31	(D) DISCHARGE MEANS:		
32	(1) THE ADDITION, INTRODUCTION, LEAKING, SPILLING, OR EMITTING OF A POLLUTANT INTO		
33	THE WATERS OF THIS STATE; OR		

1	(2) THE PLACING OF A POLLUTANT IN A LOCATION WHERE THE POLLUTANT IS LIKELY TO
2	POLLUTE.
3	([[d]]E) Hazardous material means a material, including a substance, waste, or combination
4	thereof, which, because of its quantity, concentration, physical, chemical, or infectious
5	characteristics, may cause or significantly contribute to a substantial present or potential hazard to
6	human health, safety, property, or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported,
7	disposed of, or otherwise managed.
8	([[e]]F) Illicit connection means either:
9	(1) A drain or conveyance, either on the surface or subsurface, which allows a discharge,
10	prohibited under section 18.502 of this subtitle, to enter a public storm drainage facility
11	or waterway, regardless of whether the drain or conveyance had been previously allowed,
12	permitted, or approved by the Department; or
13	(2) A drain or conveyance connected to a public storm drainage facility or waterway which
14	has not been documented in a plan, map, or equivalent record and approved by the
15	Department.
16	([[f]]G) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Stormwater Discharge
17	Permit means a permit issued by the Environmental Protection Agency or by a State acting under
18	authority delegated pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 1342(b) that authorizes the discharge of pollutants to
19	waters of the United States. The permit may be applicable on an individual, group, or general
20	area-wide basis.
21	([[g]]H) Nonstormwater discharge means any discharge to a storm drainage facility or waterway
22	that is not composed entirely of stormwater.
23	([[h]]I) Person means an individual, corporation, firm, partnership, association, organization, a
24	group acting as a unit, or an executor, Administrator, trustee, receiver or other representative
25	appointed according to law.
26	([[i]]J) Pollutant means anything which causes or contributes to pollution. A pollutant may
27	include, but is not limited to, paints, varnishes and solvents, oil or other automotive fluids,
28	nonhazardous liquid and solid wastes, yard wastes, refuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, other discarded
29	or abandoned objects, ordinances and accumulations which may cause or contribute to pollution,
30	floatables, pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, hazardous substances and wastes, sewage, fecal
31	coliform and pathogens, dissolved and particulate metals, animal wastes, construction wastes and
32	residues, noxious or offensive matter of any kind, or any other chemical substance.
33	([[j]]K) Premises means a building, lot, parcel of land, or portion of land whether improved or
34	unimproved including, without limitation, adjacent sidewalks or parking strips.

- 1 ([[k]]L) Storm drainage facility means a facility in which stormwater is collected or conveyed,
- 2 including, without limitation, a road with a drainage facility, a municipal street, gutter, curb, inlet,
- 3 piped storm drain, pumping facility, best management practice, reservoir, or other drainage
- 4 structure.
- 5 (M) STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM MEANS PUBLIC AND PRIVATELY-OWNED STORM DRAINAGE
- 6 FACILITIES AND WATERWAYS.
- 7 ([[1]]N) Stormwater means any surface flow, runoff, or drainage consisting entirely of water from
- 8 any form of natural precipitation and resulting from such precipitation.
- 9 ([[m]]0) Waterway means any natural, manmade, or altered stream, river, creek, ditch, gully,
- 10 ravine, lake, or wash, in and including any adjacent area that is subject to inundation from
- 11 overflow or flood water.

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Section 18.503. - Right of entry.

- 14 (a) Generally. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the Director may enter any
- BUILDING, STRUCTURE, OR premises at any reasonable time for the purpose of enforcing this
- subtitle and for Performing Duties related to this Subtitle.
- 17 (b) Consent. The Director may enter a private dwelling to inspect for a violation of this subtitle
- with the consent of the occupant or owner. If entry is refused, the Director may seek a court order
- 19 to permit entry to the dwelling.
- 20 (c) Threat to Public Health and Safety. UPON PROVIDING PROOF OF IDENTITY PRIOR TO ENTRY,
- 21 THE [[The]] Director [[shall have the right to]]MAY enter a building, structure, or [[premises
- where]]PREMISES:
 - (1) WHERE there is evidence that a violation of this subtitle exists which threatens or may threaten the public health and safety for the purpose of performing duties pursuant to the provisions of this [[subtitle. The Director shall produce proof of identity prior to entry]]SUBTITLE; OR
 - (2) TO REMOVE NATURAL AND MAN-MADE OBSTRUCTIONS IN STREAM CHANNELS AND IN THE FLOODWAY OF STREAMS, WHICH MAY IMPEDE THE PASSAGE OF WATER DURING RAIN EVENTS. THIS PROVISION DOES NOT CREATE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OF THE COUNTY FOR THE CLEARANCE OR MAINTENANCE OF THE STREAM, OR FOR FLOODING, AND DOES NOT AFFECT THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF PRIVATE PROPERTY OWNERS REGARDING THE FLOODPLAIN OR MAINTENANCE OF STREAM CHANNELS.

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Section 18.504. - Repair and maintenance of private storm drain facilities in residential areas.

(a) Single Residential Lot Storm Drainage Facilities:

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- (1) Privately owned storm drainage facilities which are associated with the development of a lot or parcel for a single residence and which primarily benefit the owner or user of the lot or parcel shall be the responsibility of the property owner to maintain, repair, or replace.
- (2) The repair or replacement of any storm drainage facility associated with the development of a lot or parcel for a single residence may be made by the property owner after written approval is obtained from the Department, and the work shall be done in accordance with such approval.
- (3) If the County determines that deficiencies exist in a private stormwater drainage facility associated with the development of a lot or parcel for a single residence, the County shall give notice to the property owner in writing of the deficiencies, describe the required corrective action, and the time period to have the deficiencies corrected. The notice shall be given by sending a letter by certified mail to the address of the owner as shown in the current tax records kept by the Department of Finance. FAILURE OF THE PROPERTY OWNER TO COMPLETE THE REQUIRED CORRECTIVE ACTION IN THE SPECIFIED TIME IS A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- (4) If the property owner fails to correct the deficiencies within the specified time frame, the County may apply to the appropriate court for an order allowing the County to enter the property and to make, at the property owner's expense, the necessary repairs or replacement of the facility.
- (5) Following entry of the order and completion of the repair or replacement, the County shall send to the property owner a bill for the costs to correct the deficiencies. If the bill is not paid within 30 days, the County may file with the court a verified statement of costs, for the purpose of entering a civil judgment in the County's favor against the property owner.

30 Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that this Act shall become effective 61 days after its enactment.