Introduced	0-4-2021
Public Hearing	10-18-2021
Council Action	12-10-2021
Executive Action	12-14-2021
Effective Date	

County Council of Howard County, Maryland

2021 Legislative Session

Legislative Day No. 16

Bill No. 78 -2021

Introduced by Liz Walsh

AN ACT adding new definitions to the Forest Conservation ordinance; establishing a "lookback" provision for the disturbance of certain trees; reducing the diameter threshold to 24 inches for forest retention; and generally relating to forest conservation in the County.

Introduced and read first time Oct 4, 2021. Ordered posted and By order	thearing scheduled.
Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of Bill having been pusced time at a public hearing on, 2021. By orderMi	ablished according to Charter, the Bill was read for a
This Bill was read the third time on Dec L, 2021 and Passed, Passed with a	amendments, Failed
By order	Mchuly farid
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive for approval this $_$	
By order Mi	ichelle R. Harrod, Administrator
Approved by the County Executive Drc 14, 2021	
Vetoed a	alvin Ball, County Executive

NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TEXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike-out indicates material deleted by amendment; <u>Underlining</u> indicates material added by amendment.

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Sec. 16.1204. Forest conservation plan.

2 3 4	(a)	be s	<i>licability</i> . Forest conservation plans, consistent with this subtitle and the manual, shall ubmitted to the Department with applications for all development not exempt under ion 16.1202 of this subtitle.
5	(b)	-	<i>fessionally Prepared</i> . The forest conservation plan shall be prepared by a licensed ster, licensed landscape architect, or certified arborist.
7 8 9	(c)	deli	<i>est Stand Delineation</i> . The forest conservation plan shall include a forest stand neation for the property to be subdivided, developed, or graded. An approved forest d delineation is valid for five years. The forest stand delineation shall:
10 11 12		(1)	Describe the extent and quality of existing forests and other vegetation and its relationship to environmentally sensitive areas on-site and to forest resources on adjacent properties.
13 14 15 16			DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF KNOWN OR PROBABLE CLEARING, CUTTING OR DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS. (1)(3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical areas for forest conservation.
17	(d)	For	est Conservation Plan. A forest conservation plan shall:
18 19		(1)	State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest conservation proposed on-site and/or off-site;
20		(2)	Show the proposed limits of disturbance;
21 22 23		(3)	Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE
24 25			DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION
25 26			SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE REGULATIONS AS THOUGH STILL EXISTING ON-SITE;
27		(4)	Justify the following, if existing forest cannot be retained:
28			(i) How techniques for forest retention have been exhausted;
29 30			(ii) Why the priority forests specified in section 16.1205 of this subtitle cannot be left in an undisturbed condition;

1 2		(iii) If priority forests and priority areas cannot be left undisturbed, where on the site in priority areas reforestation or afforestation will occur in compliance with
3		section 16.1208 of this subtitle;
4		(iv) How site design requirements will be followed to maximize meeting forest
5		conservation obligations on-site in compliance with section 16.1209 of this
6		subtitle;
7		(v) How the sequence for preferred reforestation or afforestation location and
8		methods will be followed in compliance with section 16.1208 of this subtitle; and
9		(vi) Why reforestation or afforestation requirements cannot reasonably be
10		accomplished on- or off-site, or through a forest mitigation bank, if the applicant
11		proposes payments of an in-lieu fee to the forest conservation fund;
12	(5)	Show proposed locations and types of protective devices and measures to be used
13		during construction to protect trees and forests designated for conservation, including
14		protection of critical root zones;
15	(6)	In the case of reforestation or afforestation, include a reforestation or afforestation
16		plan, with a timetable, description of needed site and soil preparation, and the species,
17		size, and spacing of plantings;
18	(7)	Include a minimum three growing season forest conservation agreement as specified in
19		the manual that details how the areas designated for retention, reforestation or
20		afforestation will be maintained to ensure protection and satisfactory establishment,
21		including a reinforcement planting provision if survival rates fall below required
22		standards. Financial security shall be provided for the forest conservation agreement as
23		provided in section 16.1210 and the manual. Minor subdivisions which meet forest
24		conservation requirements entirely by forest retention are not required to have a forest
25		conservation agreement;
26	(8)	Include a deed of forest conservation easement with a plat of the forest conservation
27		easement area, as specified in the manual that:
28		(i) Provides protection, in perpetuity, for areas of forest retention, reforestation and
29		afforestation; and

1 2 3	 Limits uses in areas of forest conservation to those uses that are designated and consistent with forest conservation, including recreational activities and forest management practices that are used to preserve forest;
4 5	(9) Include other information the Department determines is necessary to implement this subtitle; and
6 7 8	(10) Be amended or a new plan prepared, as provided in the manual, if required as a result of changes in the development or in the condition of the site.
9	Section 16.1205. Forest retention priorities.
10	(a) On-site forest retention required.
11 12	Subdivision, site development, and grading shall leave the following vegetation and specific areas in an undisturbed condition:
13 14 15	 Trees and other vegetation identified on the lists of rare, threatened and endangered species of the U.S. fish and wildlife service or the Maryland Department of Natural Resources;
16 17	(2) Trees that are part of a historic site, <i>[[or]]</i> associated with a historic structure OR ARE THEMSELVES HISTORIC STRUCTURES;
18 19 20 21	(3) [[State champion trees, trees 75% of the diameter of state champion trees, and trees 30" in diameter or larger.]] TREES WITH A DIAMETER OF 75% OR MORE OF THE DIAMETER OF <u>THE CURRENT STATE OR COUNTY CHAMPION TREE OF THAT SPECIES, WHICHEVER IS</u> SMALLER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND; AND
21 22 23	(4) TREES THAT ARE 24 INCHES IN DIAMETER OR LARGER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND.
24 25 26	(3) TREES HAVING A DIAMETER MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND OF: (I) 24 INCHES; OR (II) 75% OF THE DIAMETER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND
27	OF THE CURRENT STATE CHAMPION TREE OF THAT SPECIES.".
28	(B) Presumption.
29	
30	

1 ([[b]] €) On-Site Forest Retention Priorities.

2	The following vegetation and specific areas are considered priority and are listed in order of
3	preference for on-site retention and protection in the County. Subdivision, site development,
4	and grading shall leave the following vegetation and specific areas in an undisturbed
5	condition unless demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, that reasonable efforts
6	have been made to protect them and the plan cannot be reasonably altered or that forest
7	planting in an alternate location would have greater environmental benefit:
8	(1) Howard County Green Infrastructure Network, THE GREEN CULTURAL TRAIL AND
9	TARGETED ECOLOGICAL AREAS[[.]];
10	(2) 100-year floodplain as defined in the Subdivision Regulations[[.]];
11	(3) TREES WITHIN CEMETERIES OR HISTORIC DISTRICTS THAT ARE 12
12	
13	({{3}} 4) Stream buffers as defined in the Subdivision Regulations;
14	([[4]] 5) Forested wetlands and wetland buffers as defined in the Subdivision Regulations;
15	([[5]] 6) Critical habitat areas and forest corridors with a minimum width of 300 feet,
16	where practical, for wildlife movement;
17	(ff6]] 7) Steep slopes as defined in the Subdivision Regulations and slopes of 15 percent or
18	greater with a soil erodibility factor greater than 0.35;
19	(H7 8) Forest contiguous with the priority areas listed above;
20	({{}18} 9) Forest contiguous with off-site forest, if the off-site forest is also protected by a
21	Forest Conservation Easement; and
22	([[9]] 10) Property line and right-of-way buffers, particularly adjacent to scenic roads.
23	$(\text{[[c]]} \oplus)$ Off-Site Retention.
24	(1) The County or a developer may provide for off-site forest retention at a ratio of two
25	acres of forest retention for every one acre of forest conservation obligation. The off-
26	site forest must not be currently protected in perpetuity by easement or other long-term
27	protection measures.
28	(2) The vegetation and specific area priorities for locating off-site forest retention under
29	this subsection are the same as provided under subsection (b) of this section.

- Section 2. Be it further enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that items
 (n) through (ff) of the Section 16.1201 of the County Code are hereby renumbered to be items (n)
 through (ii), respectively.
 Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council of Howard County,
- 7 Maryland that this Act shall become effective 61 days after its enactment.

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, having been approved by the Executive and returned to the Council, stands enacted on ______, 2021.

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, having been passed by the yeas and nays of two-thirds of the members of the Council notwithstanding the objections of the Executive, stands enacted on ______, 2021.

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, having received neither the approval nor the disapproval of the Executive within ten days of its presentation, stands enacted on ______, 2021.

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, not having been considered on final reading within the time required by Charter, stands failed for want of consideration on ______, 2021.

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, having been disapproved by the Executive and having failed on passage upon consideration by the Council stands failed on _______, 202122

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, the withdrawal of which received a vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the Council, is withdrawn from further consideration on ______, 2021.

Michelle Harrod, Administrator to the County Council

HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF COUNTY EXECUTIVE



3430 Courthouse Drive
Ellicott City, Maryland 21043
410-313-2013 Voice/Relay

410-515-2015 Voice/Relay

Calvin Ball Howard County Executive cball@howardcountymd.gov www.howardcountymd.gov FAX 410-313-3051

HOWARD COUNTY COUNCIL

2021 DEC 14 A 11: 55

December 14, 2021

The Honorable Dr. Opel T. Jones Chair, Howard County Council George Howard Building 3430 Court House Drive Ellicott City, MD 21043

Re: Veto – CB78-2021

Dear Chairperson Jones:

First and foremost, I want to acknowledge our shared efforts to address a mutually identified loophole in our code that allows for the removal of priority retention trees prior to entering the development process. This loophole allows bad actors to avoid what we collectively consider to be the spirit and intent of the Forest Conservation Act, with limited and insufficient repercussions for what is broadly considered to be bad behavior.

We have placed an emphasis on preserving healthy tree cover across our County since taking office and have collaborated with the County Council to make progress on this objective. Our update to Howard County's Forest Conservation Act in 2019 was the result of a lengthy deliberative process with the Council, where the standards of our regulations were considered as we sought to bring our Act into compliance with State law and strengthen environmental regulation. Due to the constructive dialogue that we collectively engaged in throughout this process, we were able to successfully update our Act for the first time since the 1990s, passing what is now widely regarded as the strongest Forest Conservation Act in the State.

Since this summer, we have all explored the best approach to continue our work and close a loophole that allows for the removal of priority retention trees prior to entering the development process, with several pieces of legislation filed (CBs 56, 57, 64, 78, 79 and 89) that reflect differing strategies to address this issue. I asked the County Council to support CB64-2021 in September, outlining an approach to address this issue outside of the Forest Conservation Act, since the loophole that we collectively sought to close is the protection for trees prior to the application of the Act.

Last Monday, a majority of the County Council voted against CB64, opting instead to approve CB89, which aims to address this issue through a five-year "look-back" and enhanced penalty provisions within the Forest Conservation Act. While I am disappointed that CB64 failed, I am hopeful that CB89 will successfully close this loophole and end the practice of clearing priority retention trees prior to entering the development process.

Howard County Office of County Executive

3430 Courthouse Drive Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 410-313-2013 Voice/Relay



Calvin Ball Howard County Executive cball@howardcountymd.gov www.howardcountymd.gov FAX 410-313-3051

However, I have significant concerns about the passage of CB78-2021, which after an amendment that struck the vast majority of the originally proposed legislation just two full business days prior to last Monday's vote on this bill, solely reduces the on-site retention threshold for trees subject to the Forest Conservation Act from 30 inches to 24 inches. In addition to this reduction being wholly unrelated to the issue of clearing priority retention trees prior to the development process, this legislation establishes an arbitrary retention threshold that is inconsistent with both State law or that of any neighboring jurisdiction, fails to account for the desired removal of non-native and invasive trees, and creates a significant administrative burden to our staff that at no point has been publicly considered or discussed by the County Council.

By reducing the on-site retention threshold to 24 inches, CB78 establishes a new, arbitrary standard for tree retention without adequate justification or consideration for the species or health of the trees to be retained. The State standard for protected trees under the Forest Conservation Act is 30 inches diameter at breast height. We are not aware of any other jurisdiction in Maryland that applies a stricter standard and are unclear about why 24 inches would be the appropriate threshold. Without any scientific justification for this adjustment in diameter, this change is arbitrary and undermines the effort put into creating our improved Forest Conservation Act.

Additionally, CB78 provides no consideration for non-native or invasive trees, which were never intended to be preserved under the Forest Conservation Act. The Forest Conservation Manual requires that forest conservation easements be managed to minimize the presence of non-native and invasive trees because these trees jeopardize the health of forest habitats. Requiring analysis and approval for the removal of invasive trees not only runs counter to the guidance of the Forest Conservation Manual, but also creates an incentive to leave invasive species in place and plan projects around them, rather than removing them to the benefit of their natural surroundings. CB78 neglects to consider any of these factors or their impacts on the larger ecosystem.

Moreover, CB78 results in significant administrative impacts that were not contemplated by the County Council at the time of last Monday's vote, as the amount of staff time needed to inspect, review, and process forest conservation plans and requests for tree removal is anticipated to increase by at least 50% for each plan and request. Our Department of Planning and Zoning's (DPZ) Development Inspection Group (DIG) consists of two FTEs who, amongst other duties, conduct field visits for environmental review. CB78 is projected to potentially triple the number of trees that need to be field verified, creating a significant burden for staff currently responsible for field visits for environmental review, and potentially a fiscal impact due to the possible need to secure additional staff to perform this function.

Howard County Office of County Executive



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Further, by lowering the on-site retention threshold from 30 inches to 24 inches, CB78 is projected to significantly increase the number of alternative compliance requests for tree removal. This increase in alternative compliance requests will contribute to DIG positions dedicating over half their time to ensuring compliance with CB 78 and will impact the workload of reviewers across multiple departments. Such a significant shift in duties warrants a review to ensure that required work duties remain consistent with their job descriptions and may leave other duties covered by these employees unfulfilled due to the increase in time in the field or reviewing alternative compliance requests.

Based on the above stated reasons and pursuant to Charter Section 209, I wish to inform the County Council of my decision to veto CB78 as amended. I believe that CB78 is completely unrelated to objective of preventing the removal of priority retention trees prior to the development process, arbitrary and inconsistent with the intent of the Forest Conservation Act and creates a significant administrative burden that was not adequately contemplated by the County Council.

I recommend that we collectively allow CB89 sufficient time to take effect and evaluate whether it is achieving our shared goals of deterrence and forest retention at a later date. If issues persist, I look forward to working with the Council to define the problem and identify an appropriate legislative solution, as necessary.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

All my Best,

Calvin Ball Howard County Executive

Cc: Christiana Mercer Rigby, County Council Vice Chair Deb Jung, County Councilmember Liz Walsh, County Councilmember David Yungmann, County Councilmember Michelle Harrod, Council Administrator

Introduced	10-4-2021
Public Hearing	
Council Action	
Executive Action	
Effective Date	

County Council of Howard County, Maryland

2021 Legislative Session

Legislative Day No.

Bill No. 78 -2021

Introduced by Liz Walsh

AN ACT adding new definitions to the Forest Conservation ordinance; establishing a "lookback" provision for the disturbance of certain trees; reducing the Gameter threshold to 24 inches for forest retention; and generally relating to forest conservation in the County.

By order <u>MUSUU MOSSAG</u> Michelle R. Harrod, Administrator Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of Bill having been published according to Charter, the Bill was read for a second time at a public hearing on ______, 2021.

2021

By order ______ Michelle R. Harrod, Administrator

This Bill was read the third time on _____, 2021 and Passed

Introduced and read first time October L

, 2021 and Passed ____, Passed with amendments _____, Failed _____

dered posted and hearing scheduled.

By order ______ Michelle R. Harrod, Administrator

Sealed with the County Seal and prevented to the County Executive for approval this _____day of _____, 2021 at ___ a.m./p.m.

, 2021

By order ______ Michelle R. Harrod, Administrator

Approved by the County Executive

Calvin Ball, County Executive

NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TEXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike-out indicates material deleted by amendment; <u>Underlining</u> indicates material added by amendment.

Tabled 11-1-2021 Michelly doeresa

1	Section 1. Be It Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that the
2	Howard County Code is amended as follows:
3	By amending:
4	Title 16. Planning, Zoning, and Subdivisions and Land Development Regulations
5	Subtitle 12. Forest Conservation.
6	Section 16.1204. Forest conservation plan.
7	Section 16.1205. Forest petention priorities.
8	By adding and renumbering:
9	Title 16. Planning, Zoning, and Subarvisions and Land Development Regulations
10	Subtitle 12. Forest Conservation.
11	Section 16.1201. Definitions.
12	Item (n) Green Cultural Trail;
13	Item (h) Specimen Tree; and
14	Item old) Targeted Ecological Area
15	
16	Title 16. Planning, Zoning, and Subdivisions and Land Development Regulations.
17	Subtitle 12. Forest Conservation.
18	Section 16.1201. Definitions.
19	Except as provided in subsection (ff) of this section, words and phrases used in this subtitle
20	have their usual meaning unless defined in the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations
21	as set forth in subtitle 1 of this title or as follows in this section:
22	(N) GREEN CULTURAL TRAIL MEANS A NETWORK OF INTERCONNECTED TRAILS EXTENDING
23	FROM THE PATAPSCO HEVER UP TO THE HEADWATERS OF SEVERAL CONVERGING
24	TRIBUTARIES AS DESCEIBED IN THE ELLICOTT CITY WATERSHED MASTER PLAN, DECEMBER
25	2020, AS AMENDED.
26	(BB) <i>Specimen Tree</i> leans a tree required to be left in an undisturbed condition
27	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16.1205(A).
28	(DD) <i>TARGETED ECO DGICAL AREAS</i> MEANS LANDS AND WATERSHEDS OF HIGH ECOLOGICAL
29	VALUE THAT HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED AS CONSERVATION PRIORITIES AND MAPPED BY THE
30	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, AS UPDATED.

Sec. 16.1204. Forest conservation plan.

 be submitted to the Department with applications for all deviopment not exempt under section 16.1202 of this subtitle. (b) <i>Professionally Prepared.</i> The forest conservation plan shall be prepared by a licensed forester, licensed landscape architect, or certified arbotist. (c) <i>Forest Stand Delineation.</i> The forest conservation plan shall include a forest stand delineation for the property to be subdivided, developed, or graded. An approved forest stand delineation is valid for five years. The forest stand delineation shall: (1) Describe the extent and quality of existing forests and other vegetation and its relationship to environmentally sensitive areas on-site and to forest resources on adjacent properties. (2) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF KNOWN OR PROBABLE CLEARING, CUTTING OR DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGRATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS. [[(2)]](3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical areas for forest conservation (d) <i>Forest Conservation Plan.</i> A forest conservation plan shall: (1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site; (2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance; (3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE DEVELOPMENT R SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE PECCUL ATTOMA STATE UNDERLY AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE 	2	(a)	Applicability. Forest conservation plans, consistent with this subtitle and the manual, shall
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9stand delineation is valid for five years. The forest stand delineation shall:10(1) Describe the extent and quality of existing forests and other vegetation and its11relationship to environmentally sensitive areas on-site and to forest resources on12adjacent properties.13(2) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF KNOWN OR PROBABLE CLEARING, CUTTING OR14DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGULATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS.15[[(2)]](3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical16areas for forest conservation17(d) Forest Conservation Plan. A forest conservation plan shall:18(1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest19conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site;20(2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance;21(3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed23TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS24DEVELOPMENT IR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION25SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	7	(c)	Forest Stand Delineation. The forest conservation plan shall include a forest stand
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11relationship to environmentally sensitive areas on-site and to forest resources on12adjacent properties.13(2) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF KNOWN OR PROBABLE CLEARING, CUTTING OR14DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGITATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS.15[[(2)]](3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical16areas for forest conservation17(d) Forest Conservation Plan. A forest conservation plan shall:18(1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest19conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site;20(2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance;21(3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed23TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE24DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION25SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	9		stand delineation is valid for five years. The forest stand delineation shall:
12adjacent properties.13(2) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF KNOWN OR PROBABLE CLEARING, CUTTING OR14DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS.15[[(2)]](3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical16areas for forest conservation17(d) Forest Conservation Plan. A forest conservation plan shall:18(1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest19conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site;20(2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance;21(3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed23TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS23TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE24DEVELOPMENT I'R SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION25SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	10		(1) Describe the extent and quality of existing forests and other vegetation and its
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14DISTURBING OF TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE LAST FIVE YEARS.15[[(2)]](3)Be used during the review process to determine the most suitable and practical16areas for forest conservation17(d)17(d)18(1)18(1)19state the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest19conservation proposed an-site and/or off-site;20(2)20(2)21(3)3Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed22reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS23TREES OR VEGET TION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE24DEVELOPMENT IR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION25SHALL BE DESTRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	12		adjacent properties.
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 18 (1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site; 20 (2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance; 21 (3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE 	16		areas for forest conservation
 19 conservation proposed in-site and/or off-site; 20 (2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance; 21 (3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed 22 reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS 23 TREES OR VEGET FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE 24 DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION 25 SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE 	17	(d)	Forest Conservation Plan. A forest conservation plan shall:
 20 (2) Show the proposed limits of disturbance; 21 (3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed 22 reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS 23 TREES OR VEGET/FION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE 24 DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION 25 SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE 	18		(1) State the net tract area, area of forest conservation required, and the area of forest
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 23 TREES OR VEGETATION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE 24 DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION 25 SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE 	21		(3) Show locations for proposed retention of existing forest and/or proposed
24DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION25SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	22		reforestation or afforestation. IF A PROPERTY OWNER CLEARS, CUTS OR DISTURBS
25 SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE	23		TREES OR VEGET TION ON-SITE WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO ENTERING THE
	24		DEVELOPMENT OR SUBDIVISION PROCESS, THEN THOSE TREES AND VEGETATION
26 DECULATION AS THOUGH STILL EXISTING ON SITE:	25		SHALL BE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN AND THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THESE
20 KEGULAHUNTAS IHUUGH SHLL EXISTING UN-SHE,	26		REGULATIONS AS THOUGH STILL EXISTING ON-SITE;
27 (4) Justify the following, if existing forest cannot be retained:	27		(4) Justify the following, if existing forest cannot be retained:
28 (i) How t chniques for forest retention have been exhausted;	28		(i) How techniques for forest retention have been exhausted;
20 (ii) When a ministry france and if is a section 16 1205 of this subtitle correct he left	29		(ii) Why we priority forests specified in section 16.1205 of this subtitle cannot be left
(1) Why the priority forests specified in section 10.1205 of this sublifie cannot be left	30		in an undisturbed condition;
29 (1) Why the priority forests specified in section 16.1205 of this sublitie cannot be left	30		in an undisturbed condition;

1		(iii) If priority forests and priority areas cannot be aft undisturbed, where on the site
2		in priority areas reforestation or afforestation vill occur in compliance with
3		section 16.1208 of this subtitle;
4		(iv) How site design requirements will be followed to maximize meeting forest
5		conservation obligations on-site in compliance with section 16.1209 of this
6		subtitle;
7		(v) How the sequence for preferred reforestation or afforestation location and
8		methods will be followed in compliance with section 16.1208 of this subtitle; and
9		(vi) Why reforestation or afforestation requirements cannot reasonably be
10		accomplished on- or off-site, or through a forest mitigation bank, if the applicant
11		proposes payments of an in-lieu fee to the forest conservation fund;
12	(5)	Show proposed locations and types of protective devices and measures to be used
13		during construction to protect trees and forests designated for conservation, including
14		protection of critical root zones;
15	(6)	In the case of reforestation or afforestation, include a reforestation or afforestation
16		plan, with a timetable, description of needed site and soil preparation, and the species,
17		size, and spacing of plantings;
18	(7)	Include a minimum three growing season forest conservation agreement as specified in
19		the manual that details how the area designated for retention, reforestation or
20		afforestation will be maintained to ensure protection and satisfactory establishment,
21		including a reinforcement planting provision if survival rates fall below required
22		standards. Financial security shall provided for the forest conservation agreement as
23		provided in section 16.1210 and the manual. Minor subdivisions which meet forest
24		conservation requirements entirely v forest retention are not required to have a forest
25		conservation agreement;
26	(8)	Include a deed of forest conservation easement with a plat of the forest conservation
27		easement area, as specified in the manual that:
28		(i) Provides protection, in perpetuit, for areas of forest retention, reforestation and
29		afforestation; and

1	(ii) Limits uses in areas of forest conservation to those uses that are designated and
2	consistent with forest conservation, including recreational activities and forest
3	management practices that are used to preserve forest;
4	(9) Include other information the Department determines is necessary to implement this
5	subtitle; and
6	(10) Be amended or a new plan prepared, as provided in the manual, if required as a result
7	of changes in the development or in the condition of the site.
8	
9	Section 16.1205. Forest retention priorities.
10	(a) On-site forest retention required.
11	Subdivision, site development, and grading shall heave the following vegetation and specific
12	areas in an undisturbed condition:
13	(1) Trees and other vegetation identified on the lists of rare, threatened and endangered
14	species of the U.S. fish and wildlife service or the Maryland Department of Natural
15	Resources;
16	(2) Trees that are part of a historic site, [[ar]] associated with a historic structure OR ARE
17	THEMSELVES HISTORIC STRUCTURES
18	(3) [[State champion trees, trees 75% the diameter of state champion trees, and trees $30''$
19	in diameter or larger.]] TREES WITH A DIAMETER OF 75% OR MORE OF THE DIAMETER OF
20	THE CURRENT STATE OR COUNTY CHAMPION TREE OF THAT SPECIES, WHICHEVER IS
21	SMALLER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEAT ABOVE THE GROUND; AND
22	(4) TREES THAT ARE 24 INCHES IN DIAMETER OR LARGER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE
23	THE GROUND.
24	(B) PRESUMPTION.
25	IN THE ABSENCE OF AN APPROVED FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN AS REQUIRED BY SECTION
26	16.1204 OF THIS SUBTITLE, EACH TREE DISTURBED IS PRESUMED TO BE A SPECIMEN TREE.
27	([[b]] C) On-Site Forest Retention Priorities.
28	The following vegetation are specific areas are considered priority and are listed in order of
29	preference for on-site reten on and protection in the County. Subdivision, site development,

1	and grading shall leave the following vegetation and specific areas in an undisturbed
2	condition unless demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, that reasonable efforts
3	have been made to protect them and the plan cannot be reasonably altered or that forest
4	planting in an alternate location would have greated environmental benefit:
5	(1) Howard County Green Infrastructure Network, THE GREEN CULTURAL TRAIL AND
6	TARGETED ECOLOGICAL AREAS[[.]];
7	(2) 100-year floodplain as defined in the Subalvision Regulations[[.]];
8	(3) TREES WITHIN CEMETERIES OR HISTORIC DISTRICTS THAT ARE 12
9	INCHES IN DIAMETER OR LARGER, MEASURED AT 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND;
10	([[3]] 4) Stream buffers as defined in the Subdivision Regulations;
11	([[4]] 5) Forested wetlands and wetland buffers as defined in the Subdivision Regulations;
12	([[5]] 6) Critical habitat areas and forest corridors with a minimum width of 300 feet,
13	where practical, for wildlife movement;
14	([[6]] 7) Steep slopes as defined in the Subdivision Regulations and slopes of 15 percent or
15	greater with a soil erodibility factor greater than 0.35;
16	([[7]] 8) Forest contiguous with the priority areas listed above;
17	([[8]] 9) Forest contiguous with off-site prest, if the off-site forest is also protected by a
18	Forest Conservation Easement; and
19	([[9]] 10) Property line and right-of-way suffers, particularly adjacent to scenic roads.
20	([[c]] D) Off-Site Retention.
21	(1) The County or a developer may provide for off-site forest retention at a ratio of two
22	acres of forest retention for every one cre of forest conservation obligation. The off-
23	site forest must not be currently protected in perpetuity by easement or other long-term
24	protection measures.
25	(2) The vegetation and specific area priorities for locating off-site forest retention under
26	this subsection are the same as provide under subsection (b) of this section.
27	

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*

- Section 2. Be it further enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that items
- 2 1 (n) through (ff) of the Section 16.1201 of the County Code are hereby renumbered to be items (n)
- ω through (ii), respectively.
- 4
- S Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council Howard County,
- 6 Maryland that this Act shall become effective 61 days after its mactment.

