Introduced	
Public Hearing	
Council Action	
Executive Action	
Effective Date	

County Council of Howard County, Maryland

2025 Legislative Session

Legislative Day No. 3

Bill No. <u>18</u> -2025

Introduced by: Christiana Rigby

SHORT TITLE: Transit Orient Development (TOD) – Residential Units Exemptions

AN ACT Amending the definition of "Moderate income housing units", establishing and retaining the School Surcharge rate at time of submittal of sketch plan; providing for a Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) for Disability Income Housing Units within a Transit Oriented Development (TOD); and exempting Transit Oriented Development (TOD) residential units from the Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance School Capacity Test and generally relating to Transit Oriented Developments.

Introduced and read first time, 2025.	Ordered posted and hearing scheduled.
	By order Michelle Harrod, Administrator
	Michelle Harrod, Administrator
Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of second time at a public hearing on, 2025.	Bill having been published according to Charter, the Bill was read for a
	By order
	By order Michelle Harrod, Administrator
This Bill was read the third time on, 2025 and Passee	d, Passed with amendments, Failed
	By order
	Michelle Harrod, Administrator
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive	for approval thisday of, 2025 at a.m./p.m.
	By order
	Michelle Harrod, Administrator
Approved by the County Executive	, 2025
	Calvin Ball, County Executive
NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TE	EXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike out

indicates material deleted by amendment; Underlining indicates material added by amendment.

1	WHEREAS, The County recognizes the urgent need for accessible and affordable housing, as
2	the current supply shortage, estimated by Maryland's Department of Housing and Community
3	Development in June 2024 to be at 96,000 housing units in the state, has contributed to a housing
4	affordability crisis that disproportionately impacts low- and moderate-income residents; and
5	
6	WHEREAS, The State of Maryland has enacted legislation, including HB538-2025, to promote
7	transit-oriented development and require local jurisdictions to align zoning and land-use policies
8	with state-level priorities for smart growth and increased housing supply; and
9	
10	WHEREAS, RCLCO Real Estate Advisors conducted a Market Research and Demand Forecast
11	to inform <i>HoCo By Design</i> and identified projected demands of 31,000 new homes as well as a
12	current "pent up" demand of about 20,000 housing units for a total of over 50,000 new housing
13	units over the next 20 years in Howard County; and
14	
15	WHEREAS, Howard County's General Plan, HoCo By Design, approved in 2024, highlights
16	"Transit Activity Centers" as an "Area to Transform" and includes policy statements that
17	encourage development in activity centers, including policy statements DN-1, DN-4, and DN-8,
18	and several policy statements within the Route 1 Corridor Plan; and
19	
20	WHEREAS, This legislation provides clarity and certainty for builders and community
21	stakeholders by streamlining approval processes for qualified Transit-Oriented Development
22	projects, ensuring that new housing can be delivered efficiently and in accordance with state and
23	county legislative mandates; and
24	
25	WHEREAS, This measure will contribute to the County's Moderate-Income Housing Unit
26	(MIHU) and Disability Income Housing Unit (DIHU) inventory, expanding critical housing
27	opportunities for residents across various income levels and ensuring a more inclusive and
28	diverse community, as encouraged in Policy Statements DN-4, DN-6, DN-7, DN-8, DN-12, and
29	DN-13 of <i>HoCo By Design</i> ; and
30	

1	WHEREAS, Encouraging smart growth and responsible development in designated Transit-
2	Oriented Development (TOD) areas is a key strategy for addressing the housing shortage and
3	supports broader economic and environmental goals in promoting sustainable, walkable
4	communities with access to public transit; and
5	
6	WHEREAS, In September 2024, Howard County's Department of Planning and Zoning
7	analyzed data for the Howard County Public School System on student yield and concluded that
8	in their Pupil Yield Report, of all styles of housing, multifamily housing, which is generally
9	favored in Transit Oriented Developments, produces between 0.16 and 0.38 pupils per unit,
10	significantly less than other housing types; and
11	
12	WHEREAS, Denser residential housing expands the assessable base for Howard County,
13	providing higher sales and property tax revenues that can support priorities such as education,
14	health and safety, and the connectivity of people and places; and
15	
16	WHEREAS, Incentives that encourage development in Transit-Oriented Developments (TODs)
17	align with local and state smart growth priorities, expand housing opportunities for all, and
18	enhance the County's long-term fiscal health and quality of life.
19	
20	Section 1. Now, Therefore, Be It Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that the
21	Howard County Code is amended as follows:
22	
23	By Amending:
24	Title13 Housing and Community Development
25 26	Subtitle – 4. Moderate Income Housing Units
26 27	Section 13.401 Definitions
27 28	
28 29	By amending:
30	<i>Title13 Housing and Community Development</i>
31	Subtitle – 4. Moderate Income Housing Units

1		Section. 13.402 Development Procedures; moderate income housing unit
2		agreement; alternative.
3		By amending:
4		Title – 16 Planning, Zoning and Subdivisions and Land Development Regulations
5		Subtitle 11 Adequate Public Facilities
6		Section. 16.1107. Exceptions
7		By amending:
8		Title – 20 Taxes, Charges, and Fees
9		Subtitle 1 Real Property Tax; Administration, Credits, and Enforcement
10		Part VI. – Public School Facilities Surcharge
11		Section. 20.143. – Surcharge Imposed
12		
13		Title 13 - Housing and Community Development
14		SUBTITLE 4. – Moderate Income Housing Units
15		
16	Sec	13.401. Definitions.
17	(a)	In General. In this subtitle, the following words have the meanings indicated:
18	(p)	Moderate income housing unit (MIHU) means a dwelling unit offered for sale or rent to
19		households with moderate incomes. MODERATE INCOME HOUSING UNITS SHALL INCLUDE
20		DISABILITY INCOME HOUSING UNITS AS DEFINED UNDER THIS SECTION.
21	(q)	Moderate income housing unit offered for sale means a unit that is built on a subdivided lot
22		or subject to a condominium regime, as provided in a moderate income housing unit
23		agreement under subsection 13.402(b) of this subtitle. MODERATE INCOME HOUSING UNITS
24		OFFERED FOR SALE SHALL INCLUDE DISABILITY INCOME HOUSING UNITS AS DEFINED UNDER
25		THIS SECTION.
26	Sec.	13.402. Development procedures; moderate income housing unit agreement;
27	alte	rnative.
28	(n)	TOD (Transit Oriented Development) and PGCC (Planned Golf Course Community)—
29		Moderate Income Housing Unit Requirements.

1	(1)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, a developer of a TOD (Transit
2		Oriented Development) or a PGCC (Planned Golf Course Community) district site
3		shall provide the moderate income housing units required under the zoning regulations,
4		or disability income housing units or low income housing units as part of an optional
5		method of compliance, as part of the development on the site of the development
6		project.
7	(2)	The developer shall not:
8		(i) Provide the moderate housing income units at a different location;
9		(ii) Pay a fee-in-lieu of to the Department of Housing and Community Development;
10		(iii) Use an optional method as provided under subsection (e)(1)(i) of this section; or
11		(iv) Use alternative compliance to optional methods as provided under subsection (f)
12		of this section.
13	(3)	DISABILITY INCOME HOUSING UNITS; PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES (PILOT).
14	I	N A TOD (TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT) RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT A DEVELOPER
15	I	S ELIGIBLE TO ENTER INTO A PILOT WITH THE COUNTY PURSUANT TO SECTION 7-521 OF
16	Т	HE MARYLAND TAX-PROPERTY ARTICLE IF 15% OF DWELLING UNITS ARE DISABILITY
17	I	NCOME HOUSING UNITS.
18		
19		
20	Tit	le 16 – Planning, Zoning and Subdivisions and Land Development Regulations
21		SUBTITLE 11. – Adequate Public Facilities
22	Sec. 16.	1107. Exemptions.
23	(b) Res	idential Projects:
24	(1)	Exempt residential plans. The following residential subdivisions and site development
25		plans are exempt from the requirement to pass the test for adequate road facilities and
26		the requirement to pass the tests for allocations and adequate public school facilities as
27		a condition of approval:

1	(i)	Parcel divisions (see: Subdivision regulations).
2	(ii)	Subdivisions in agricultural preservation easements for dwellings of the owner or
3		the owner's children or other dwelling lots permitted on agricultural preservation
4		easements.
5	(iii)	Residential resubdivisions (see: Subdivision regulations) which do not increase
6	()	the number of housing units allowed.
	(iv)	
7 °	(1V)	Residential final subdivision plans pending on the effective date of this subtitle,
8 9		provided that the plan proceeds to recordation in accordance with the subdivision regulations.
7		regulations.
10	(v)	Minor subdivision plans and resubdivisions, located in RC and RR zoning
11		districts outside of the planned service area boundary for water and sewer, which
12		create the potential for only one additional dwelling unit from a lot existing on
13		April 10, 1992.
14	(vi)	Minor subdivision plans and resubdivisions which create the potential of only one
15		additional dwelling unit to be conveyed to an immediate family member or
16		members from a lot existing on April 10, 1992 provided that the following
17		conditions are met:
18	a.	The property owner must have owned the property for a minimum of three years
19		before requesting subdivision; and
20	b.	The family member must be either a parent, child, or sibling. The term immediate
21		family member does not include stepparents, step-children, or step-siblings; and
22	с.	The property owner shall not seek further subdivision of the property or another
23		family member exemption for a period of three years; and
24	d.	The granting of this family member exemption shall prohibit the property owner
25		from seeking a hardship exemption.
26		A maximum of three family member exemptions per year per planning area may
27		be granted by the Department of Planning and Zoning. Subject to section 22.1000
28		of the County Code, the Department of Planning and Zoning shall annually
29		prepare a home ownership report on this exemption for the Council.

1		(vii)) Minor subdivision plans and resubdivisions which create the potential of only one
2			additional dwelling unit from an adjoining lot existing before April 10, 1992, for
3			property owners with economic hardships. Upon the property owner's written
4			request to the Department of Planning and Zoning, the County Council may
5			approve by resolution a hardship exemption. The property owner shall state in the
6			request to the Department of Planning and Zoning the severe economic hardship
7			that the property owner is sustaining and provide the following evidence, which
8			shall be forwarded by the Department to the County Council with a
9			recommendation concerning the exemption:
10		a.	Verification of ownership of the property to be subdivided for at least three years
11			before the submittal of the economic hardship exemption request; and
12		b.	A recent financial statement that shows the property owner's complete assets and
13			liabilities supported by an affidavit of the property owner; and
14		c.	Other information regarding the severe economic hardship that the property
15			owner is sustaining, including but not limited to information from lenders, lien
16			holders, creditors, attorneys, tax collectors or other third parties who have
17			knowledge as to the economic condition of the property owner; and
18		d.	Any notice of foreclosure on the property; and
19		e.	Any medical bills that are not covered by health insurance for a medical
20			condition/treatment of the property owner or immediate family member of the
21			property owner. For purposes of this section, the immediate family member shall
22			be either a spouse, parent, child, or sibling but shall not include step-parents, step-
23			children or step-siblings; and
24		f.	Any other evidence that the property owner has no other reasonable means of
25			relieving that economic hardship.
26			The granting of this hardship exemption shall prohibit the property owner from
27			seeking a family member exemption.
28	(2)	Par	tially exempt residential subdivision plans. Minor subdivision plans are exempt
29		fron	n the requirement to pass the test for adequate road facilities as a condition of plan

approval. However, minor subdivision plans are required to pass the tests for allocations and adequate public school facilities as a condition of subdivision approval.

- 3 (3) *Exempt residential site development plans*. Residential site development plans for
 4 single-family attached and detached housing on recorded lots that existed on April 10,
 5 1992 are exempt from the requirement to pass the test for adequate road facilities and
 6 the tests for allocations and adequate public school facilities as a condition of site
 7 development plan approval.
- 8

(4) Partially exempt mobile home park site development plans:

9 (i) Residential site development plans for mobile home parks are exempt from the 10 requirement to pass the test for allocations to the extent that the mobile home park 11 site development plan is replacing units from a mobile home park abandoned or permanently closed after January 1, 2000. If the number of units in a mobile home 12 13 park site development plan exceeds the number of replacement units available, the number of units exceeding the available replacement units shall be tested for 14 allocations in accordance with section 16.1104 of this subtitle. The Department of 15 Planning and Zoning shall keep a record of the number of mobile home park units 16 abandoned and replaced and shall reassign the replacement units to projects, at the 17 18 time of site development plan approval, in the order of site plan approval dates.

19 (ii) Residential site development plans for mobile home parks to which replacement 20 units have been reassigned in accordance with subsection (i) above are exempt 21 from the adequate public school facilities test for the number of replacement units reassigned if the site development plan for the mobile home park is located in the 22 23 same elementary and middle school districts as the abandoned or permanently closed mobile home park from which the units were reassigned. If the number of 24 25 units proposed on the site development plan exceeds the number of reassigned 26 units available, or if the site development plan includes reassigned units from a different elementary and/or middle school district, the excess units receiving 27 allocations as required in subsection (i) above, and the reassigned units from a 28 29 different elementary and/or middle school district, as the case may be, shall be subject to the adequate public school facilities tests. If the proposed mobile home 30

1		park is located in a different elementary and/or middle school district, the site
2		development plan must pass the appropriate adequate public school facility test(s)
3		for all units approved on the site development plan.
4	(5)	Partially exempt multifamily residential site development plans:
5		(i) <i>Exemption from tests for adequate public schools</i> . Residential site development
6		plans for multifamily projects which cannot generate children, such as age-
7		restricted adult housing, are exempt from the requirement to pass the tests for
8		adequate school facilities as a condition of site development plan approval. Except
9		as provided in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, these plans are required to pass
10		the test for allocations and for adequate road facilities as a condition of site
11		development plan approval.
12		(ii) Exemption from tests for allocations and adequate public schools. Nursing and
13		residential care facilities are exempt from the requirement to pass tests for
14		allocations and for adequate public schools as a condition of site development
15		plan approval. These plans are required to pass the adequate road facilities test as
16		a condition of site development plan approval.
17	(6)	Conditionally exempt residential subdivision plans. Residential subdivision plans are
18		conditionally exempt from the requirement to pass the test for adequate road facilities
19		and the tests for allocations and for adequate school facilities as a condition of plan
20		approval, provided that the sketch plan was approved before the effective date of this
21		subtitle, this exemption is conditional upon the project continuing to meet required
22		milestones (see: Section 16.1106, "Milestones").
23	(7)	Partially exempt residential redevelopment plans. Residential redevelopment involving
24		a subdivision plan or site development plan is exempt from the allocations. Adequate
25		
23		public schools, and roads tests to the extent that the redevelopment will not increase:
26		(i) The number of existing housing units on the site;
26		(i) The number of existing housing units on the site;
26 27		(i) The number of existing housing units on the site;(ii) The number of housing units allowed under paragraph (3) of this subsection; or

Existing units being replaced must have been occupied on a full-time basis for at least 1 2 30 days in the year prior to submission of the subdivision or site development plan for 3 redevelopment of the site. If the number of units on the redevelopment plan exceeds 4 the number of existing units, the additional units shall pass the allocations, adequate public schools and roads tests as a condition of plan approval. 5 (8) Partially exempt residential subdivision plans. Except in Downtown Columbia, 6 7 moderate income housing units do not require housing unit allocations. However, plans 8 with moderate income housing units are required to pass the test for adequate road 9 facilities and adequate public schools as a condition of approval. The number of 10 moderate income housing units in each plan that do not require housing unit allocations 11 subject to this exemption shall not exceed the number of moderate income housing units as required in the Howard County Zoning Regulations. 12 13 (9) Partially exempt urban renewal residential subdivision or site development plans; Test 14 for adequate school facilities. Residential units that are part of an Urban Renewal project, as designated by title 13, subtitle 11 of this Code, are exempt from the 15 16 requirement to pass the test for adequate school facilities as a condition of subdivision 17 or site development plan approval. 18 (10) EXEMPT TOD (TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT) RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION OR SITE 19 DEVELOPMENT PLANS; TEST FOR ADEQUATE SCHOOL FACILITIES. A RESIDENTIAL 20 DEVELOPMENT WITHIN A TOD (TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT) IS EXEMPT FROM 21 THE REQUIREMENT TO PASS THE TEST FOR ADEQUATE SCHOOL FACILITIES AS A 22 CONDITION OF SUBDIVISION OR SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL. THESE PLANS ARE 23 REQUIRED TO PASS THE ALLOCATIONS AND ROADS TESTS AS A CONDITION OF PLAN 24 APPROVAL.

25
 26 Title 20 – Taxes, Charges, and Fees
 27 SUBTITLE 1. – Real Property Tax; Administration, Credits, and Enforcement
 28 Part VI. Public School Facilities Surcharge
 29

Sec. 20.143. Surcharge imposed.		
(a) Chapter 744 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2019, set forth in section 20.142 of the		
Howard County Code, requires that the County Council impose a school facilities surcharge		
on residential new construction for which a building permit is issued on or after July 1,		
2004, with the revenue from the surcharge to be used to pay for additional or expanded		
public school facilities such as renovations to existing school buildings or other systemic		
changes, debt service on bonds issued for additional or expanded public school facilities, or		
new school construction.		
(b) (1) In accordance with Chapter 744 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2019, there is a		
public school facilities surcharge imposed on residential new construction for which a		
building permit is issued on or after July 1, 2004, other than residential new construction		
that is both:		
(i) Classified as senior housing; and		
(ii) An affordable housing unit, as defined in section 28.116 of the County Code.		
(2) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, the surcharge is:		
(i) \$4.75 per square foot of occupiable area in residential new construction through		
December 31, 2020;		
(ii) \$6.25 per square foot of occupiable area in residential new construction through		
December 31, 2021; and		
(iii) \$7.50 per square foot of occupiable area in residential new construction thereafter.		
(3) (i) The surcharge is \$1.32 per square foot of occupiable area in residential new		
construction that is:		
1. Classified as senior housing under 42 U.S.C. § 3607(b); or		
2. Addition construction, meaning construction of an addition to a building where		
the work requires a Howard County building permit and where the addition either:		
A. Increases the number of gross square feet of occupiable nonresidential		

1		B. Increases the number of gross square feet of occupiable residential structure
2		on the property by 2,000 square feet or less and addition construction of more
3		than 2,000 square feet shall be assessed a rate under subsection (b)(2) of this
4		section for the square feet of the addition that is more than 2,000 square feet.
5		(ii) 1. In this paragraph, "Downtown Columbia Development District" has the meaning
6		provided for the term "Development District" in Council Resolution 105-2016.
7		2. Outside the Downtown Columbia Development District, surcharge is the greater
8		of \$1.32 or one-third the rate set under paragraph (2) of this subsection for a
9		moderate income housing unit that is built onsite beyond the number of moderate
10		income housing units required for the development by title 13, subtitle 4 of this
11		Code.
12		3. In the Downtown Columbia Development District, the surcharge on residential
13		new construction that is an affordable unit is a rate of:
14		A. \$1.32 per square foot of occupiable area; plus
15		B. One-half of the difference between \$1.32 and the rate that would be applicable
16		to the residential new construction if it was located outside the Downtown
17		Columbia Development District.
18		(iii) The surcharge is one-third of the rate set under paragraph (2) of this subsection for
19		non-senior residential new construction projects that have received funding from
20		the State of Maryland or from the County as an affordable housing project after
21		December 31, 2020.
22	(4)	The rate established in paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be adjusted for inflation in
23		accordance with the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the
24		United States Department of Labor, for the fiscal year preceding the year for which the
25		amount is being calculated. The adjustment may not reduce the rate below \$1.32. FOR
26		RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A TOD (TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT)
27		THE SCHOOL FACILITIES SURCHARGE SHALL BE FIXED AT THE RATE IN EFFECT WHEN THE
28		SKETCH PLAN OR PRELIMINARY EQUIVALENT SKETCH PLAN WAS SUBMITTED TO THE
29		DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

- (c) The amount and terms of the surcharge, and the use of the revenue collected under the
 surcharge, shall be as required by section 20.142 of the Howard County Code, as enacted by
 Chapter 744 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2019.
- 4
- 5 Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland that
- 6 this Act shall become effective 61 days after its enactment.
- 7