Sec. 2.200. General.

- These rules are in addition to the requirements of section 501 of the Howard County

 Charter; subtitle 3, "Board of Appeals," of title 16 of the Howard County Code; and the Howard

 County Zoning Regulations. For further information and assistance, applicants may consult the
- 5 Department of Planning and Zoning.
- 6 (C.B. 95, 1989)

- Sec. 2.201. Organization.
- 9 (a) Chairperson; Vice-Chairperson. Each January the members shall designate
 10 one member to be a Chairperson and one member to be a Vice-Chairperson. The Vice11 Chairperson shall assume the Chairperson's duties if the Chairperson is absent or
 12 incapacitated. The Chairperson shall schedule hearings and meetings, issue summons and
 13 subpoenas, and rule on procedural matters.
 - **(b) Quorum**. A majority of the Board of Appeals (i.e. at least three members), constitutes a quorum. A quorum shall be present before the Board can hold a meeting or hearing.
 - (c) Voting. The same members of the Board who were present at the hearing shall make the decision on the case, provided that any member who was absent during any portion of the hearing or who was appointed after the hearing commenced shall be considered present for voting purposes and may vote if the member certifies in writing that the member reviewed all of the evidence submitted and listened to a recording of the portion of the hearing for which the member was not present. A decision shall have the concurrence of the majority of all members of the Board. A member who was absent during any portion of the hearing or who was appointed after the hearing commenced shall vote as provided in this paragraph if necessary to achieve the number of votes needed to render a decision unless the member recuses himself

- for cause. Failure to achieve the necessary affirmative votes shall result in the dismissal of the case.
- (d) Clerk of the Board. The Director of Planning and Zoning or the Director's
 designee shall be the clerk of the Board of Appeals. The clerk of the Board shall be the
 custodian of the records of proceedings, shall accept petitions, motions and correspondence to
 the Board, and shall maintain the docket in each case.
 - **(e) Secretary.** The Board of Appeals may appoint a secretary who shall record the proceedings, draft and maintain the minutes of board meetings, and perform other secretarial duties as assigned by the Board.
 - (f) Administrative Assistant. The Board may appoint an administrative assistant who shall perform administrative duties as assigned by the Board.
 - (g) Legal Advisor. The County Solicitor shall be the legal advisor and draftsperson for the Board of Appeals. The County Solicitor shall attend all meetings of the Board unless excused by the Chairperson. The County Solicitor shall provide advice and assistance to any member desiring to publish an independent or minority opinion. With the approval of the Chairperson, the County Solicitor may delegate these duties to an assistant County Solicitor. (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000)

Sec. 2.202. Petitions.

(a) Form and Contents of Petitions. The Board of Appeals shall prescribe the form and contents of petitions. A petitioner shall obtain the petition from the Department of Planning and Zoning. The petitioner shall ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information required in the petition. The petition shall be filed with the Clerk of the Board, as defined under subsection 2.201(c). The Department of Planning and Zoning may require corrections to the petition or additional information before the hearing on the petition is scheduled.

1	(b)	Amendments to the Petition. If any amendments to the petition are made
2	before or duri	ng the hearing, the Board, either before or during the hearing, may continue the
3	hearing, may	suspend or postpone the hearing and remand the amended petition to the
4	Department of	of Planning and Zoning and the Planning Board for further recommendations.
5	(c)	Substantive Amendments to the Petition. If any substantive amendments to
6	the petition a	re made before or during the hearing, the Board, either before or during the
7	hearing, shall	suspend or postpone the hearing and remand the amended petition to the
8	Department of	of Planning and Zoning and the Planning Board for further recommendations.
9	(d)	Dismissal . The Board shall dismiss a petition if it lacks jurisdiction to hear the
10	petition. The	Board may dismiss a petition if the petitioner fails to request a hearing on the
11	petition within	six months of the date a petition is placed on the unscheduled docket or as set
12	forth in subse	ection 2.204(h).
13	(e)	Payment of Fees. At the time the petition is filed with the Clerk of the Board, the
14	petitioner sha	all pay the filing and/or hearing fees in accordance with the current schedule of fees
15	adopted by re	esolution of the County Council. Checks shall be made payable to the Director of
16	Finance of Ho	oward County.
17	(f)	Refund of Fees. On its own motion and with sufficient cause, the Board may
18	order the Dire	ector of Finance to refund the filing and/or hearing fees. If the Board of Appeals
19	reverses the	decision of an Administrative Agency after an appeal hearing pursuant to this
20	subtitle, the E	Board shall order the Director of Finance to refund all administrative hearing and
21	filing fees to t	he appellant.
22	(g)	Refund of Security. After all appeals are exhausted, security posted under
23	section 16.16	10 of this Code may be refunded in accordance with that section.
24	(C.B. 95, 198	9; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 3, 2008)

Sec. 2.203. Notice to the public.

25

(a) Advertising. The petitioner, at his or her own expense, shall advertise the date, time and place of the initial hearing in at least two newspapers of general circulation in Howard 2 County. For variances in residential districts, the advertisement shall be published at least 15 3 days before the hearing. For all other petitions, the advertisement shall be published at least 30 4 5 days prior to the hearing. The Department of Planning and Zoning shall approve the proposed 6 advertising before it is published.

1

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- Posting of Property. Except in administrative appeals described in subsection (b) 2.203(d), if a petition involves land use, the property involved shall be posted with the time, date and place of the initial hearing. The sign shall include the address of Department of Planning and Zoning's website. For variances in residential districts, the property shall be posted for at least 15 days immediately before the hearing. For all other petitions, the property shall be posted for at least 30 days immediately before the hearing. The poster shall be double-sided and at least 30 inches by 36 inches in size. The poster shall include a three digit alphanumeric code, which would be used to identify the case. The alphanumeric code shall be posted by the Department of Planning and Zoning in at least five-inch lettering in the top left corner of the poster. The Department of Planning and Zoning shall determine the number of posters required and their location and the petitioner shall bear the expense of posting. The posters shall be erected perpendicular to the road which serves as the mailing address of the subject property. The Department of Planning and Zoning shall supply the posters. The petitioner shall properly erect and maintain the posters. The petitioner shall remove all posters from the subject property in accordance with section 16.1613 of this Code.
- (c) Filing Affidavit of Posting and Certificates of Advertising. The petitioner shall file certificates of advertising and an affidavit of posting with the Clerk of the Board or the Secretary of the Board prior to the hearing.
- Hearings on Administrative Appeal from a Notice of Violation of County (d) Laws or Regulations or On the Record. The advertising and posting requirements of this

- section do not apply to hearings on administrative appeals from a notice of violation of County laws or regulations or appeals heard on the record pursuant to subsection 2.210(b).
 - (e) Hearings on Other Administrative Appeals. If the petitioner cannot post the property because the petitioner does not own the property, then the petitioner shall send a copy of the petition and written notification of the place, time and date of the hearing to the property owner and the adjoining property owners, and shall file an affidavit of written notification with the Clerk of the Board. The petitioner shall comply with the advertising requirements.
 - (f) Hearings for Clarification or Revocation of a Special Exception When the Department of Planning and Zoning is the Petitioner. When the hearing is for clarification or revocation of a special exception and the Department of Planning and Zoning is the petitioner, the Department of Planning and Zoning shall:
 - (1) Advertise the date, time and place of the initial hearing at least 30 days before the hearing in at least two newspapers of general circulation in Howard County;
 - (2) Send written notification of the place, time and date of the hearing to the adjoining and confronting property owners; and
 - (3) Attempt to post the property.

Requirements. The petitioner is responsible for assuring compliance with the advertising and posting requirements of this subtitle. If any question arises regarding compliance with the advertising and posting requirements, the burden is on the petitioner to prove compliance. If the Board determines that the petitioner has made a good faith effort to comply with the advertising and posting requirements, the Board may give the petitioner a reasonable opportunity to correct the noncompliance or, if the Board determines that the petitioner has substantially complied with the public notice requirement, proceed with the hearing. If the Board determines that the petitioner has not made a good faith effort to comply with the advertising and posting requirements, the Board may dismiss the petition.

- 1 (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 72, 1993; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000; C.B. 59, 2006; C.B.
- 2 16, 2007, § 1; C.B. 13, 2022, § 1.1)

- Sec. 2.204. Meetings and hearings.
- (a) Scheduled by Chairperson. The Board of Appeals shall hold meetings as scheduled by the Chairperson, including preliminary hearings when the Chairperson deems them necessary. The Board of Appeals shall be prohibited from holding meetings which include an opportunity for public testimony on any day on which Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Eid UI Fitr or Eid UI Adha is observed.
 - (b) Open to Public. The public is invited to attend Board of Appeals meetings and hearings. The individuals attending shall maintain order and refrain from disturbing the orderly process of the meeting or hearing. The Chairperson may clear the room of disruptive individuals, or recess the meeting or hearing.
 - (c) Open Hearings. Evidence shall be presented to the Board of Appeals only in hearings open to the public. The Board shall not receive written or oral testimony from a party in interest outside of a hearing. Board members and the Boards' staff shall not engage in communications of any kind with anyone other than Board Counsel or staff, or another Board member regarding the merits of a case prior to the issuance of the decision and order.
 - (d) Place and Time of Hearings and Meetings. Board of Appeals hearings and meetings shall be held in the George Howard Building, Ellicott City, Maryland, every Tuesday and Thursday at 7:30 p.m. unless the Chairperson schedules the hearing or meeting at a different date, time and place. Meetings of the Board of Appeals to deliberate cases and for other matters may be held from time to time, as determined by the Board. Notice of a meeting or hearing shall be posted at the Board's office in the George Howard Building one day prior to the meeting or hearing.

(e) Closed Meetings. The Board of Appeals may close a meeting, subject to the 2 Maryland Open Meetings Act.

- (f) Signing Up to Testify. All individuals who are called to testify or desire to testify at a hearing shall sign their own name to the roster in favor of or opposed to the petition before the Board, as the case may be. If a hearing is continued, only individuals who have signed a roster prior to the end of the petitioner's case or are called by the petitioner in rebuttal shall be permitted to testify.
- (g) Subsequent Hearings. Cases which have not been concluded at the initial hearing may be continued to a day and time announced by the Board immediately before the initial hearing is suspended. It shall not be necessary to readvertise a continued hearing or repost property.
- (h) Postponement. All requests for postponement of the initial hearing date must be received by the Board of Appeals in writing, before the scheduled date of the initial hearing. No requests for postponement of a hearing shall be granted absent compelling circumstances. If a hearing is postponed, the petitioner shall readvertise and repost the property with the new hearing date and time in accordance with these rules. Upon a third request for postponement of a hearing, the Board may dismiss the petition.
- (i) Correspondence. A party filing written correspondence with the Board shall certify in writing that a copy of the correspondence has been served to all parties of record to the case or to their designated spokesperson. The Board may not consider the correspondence as evidence and shall return it if it is not accompanied by that written certification.
- (j) Cases Pending in Court. The Board shall not hold a hearing on a petition involving substantially the same issues of a case that has been filed and is pending before a court of law. A hearing may be scheduled when the Board is advised by the petitioner that the court has reached a final decision. The hearing shall be scheduled at the earliest possible date.

1	(C.B. 95, 198	9; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 72, 1993; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000; C.B. 72, 2004; C.B.			
2	81, 2004)				
3					
4	Sec. 2.205. R	Record of hearings.			
5	(a)	Official Record. The Board of Appeals shall maintain an official record of its			
6	proceedings i	n each case. This record shall include all testimony and exhibits and a recording of			
7	the proceeding	igs.			
8	(b)	Transcription of Testimony. Transcriptions of testimony shall be made if			
9	requested for	court review. The transcribed testimony may be obtained from the Secretary of the			
10	Board upon p	ayment in advance of the cost of transcribing the record. The transcriber shall			
11	certify the accuracy of any transcript. The County Council shall prescribe by resolution the				
12	specifications for transcript preparation and a reasonable fee to be charged for the costs of				
13	transcription a	and certification.			
14	(C.B. 95, 198	9; C.B. 20, 2000)			
15					
16	Sec. 2.206. A	dministrative appeals.			
17	An inc	lividual wishing to appeal an administrative decision of a County Agency shall file			
18	an appeal on	the petition provided by the Department of Planning and Zoning within 30 days of			
19	the date of the	at administrative decision, unless the law provides a different time period for			
20	appeal.				
21	(C.B. 95, 198	9; C.B. 70, 1997)			
22					
23	Sec. 2.207. E	vidence and motions.			
24	(a)	Presubmission of Technical Reports. Any petitioner or proponent wishing to			
25	submit a tech	nical report or other similar documentary evidence to the Board at the hearing			
26	must file six o	copies of the report with the Clerk of the Board at least 30 days prior to the date of			

- the initial hearing on the petition. Any opponent or respondent wishing to submit a report or other similar documentary evidence to the Board at the hearing shall file six copies of the report with the Clerk of the Board and send one copy to the petitioner at least ten days prior to the date of the initial hearing on the petition. If technical reports are filed late, the Board may postpone the hearing, to allow the Board Members or other parties' time to review the report, or take any other course of action as determined by the Board. Even if the report or other documentation is timely filed, the Board reserves the right to postpone the hearing and to require additional copies of the material for technical staff review.
 - (b) Rules of Evidence. Any evidence which would be admissible under the rules of evidence applicable in judicial proceedings in the State of Maryland shall be admissible in hearings before the Board of Appeals. The Board is not bound by the technical rules of evidence but will apply those rules so that probative evidence may be conveniently brought forth. The Board may exclude immaterial or unduly repetitious testimony and other evidence and may limit the number of witnesses when testimony is cumulative in nature.

- (c) Materials Received by Reference. Public records, previous decisions and orders of the Board of Appeals, technical staff reports, Planning Board recommendations and laws and regulations of Howard County which pertain to the particular case shall be received by the Board of Appeals for its consideration.
- (d) Exhibits. Exhibits and plats admitted into evidence may not be mounted and shall be folded to a maximum size of nine inches by 14 inches. An exact duplicate of the exhibit may be mounted and used for presentation.
- **(e) Motions.** A party may request the Board to address a preliminary matter prior to the date of the initial hearing by filing the request as a motion to the Board and certifying that a copy was provided to all persons known to have an interest in the case, including but not limited to the petitioner, the property owner, the Administrative Agency, and any person entitled to written notification under Rule 2.203(e) and (f), as the case may be. The certification shall state

- 1 "any person interested in responding to the motion shall file a written response with the Board 2 within 15 days of the date that the motion was filed." The Board may rule on the motion at any time 15 days after the filing of the motion. 3 4 (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 70, 1997) 5 6 Sec. 2.208. Appearances before the Board of Appeals. 7 Parties. Except for administrative appeals described in subsections (b) and (c), (a) 8 an individual or any other legal entity may become a party to a proceeding before the Board by: 9 (1) Providing the name, address, and signature of the individual or entity and the legal entity's duly authorized representative on a sign-up sheet provided by the 10 Board: 11 (2) Testifying before the Board and providing it with the name and address of the 12 party and/or legal entity; or 13 (3) Delivering a letter to the Board, received before the close of the record in the 14 case, indicating that the individual or entity is an interested party to the matter 15 before the Board and providing the party's name, address and signature. Such 16 17 letter may not be considered for any substantive content and will be received into evidence only for identification of parties to the case. In addition, petitions for or 18 against a matter shall not be used for purposes of conferring party status on 19 20 those individuals signing the petition under this provision. 21 (b) Parties to Administrative Appeals from Notice of Violation. Parties to an 22 administrative appeal from the issuance of a notice of violation of County laws or regulations are 23 limited to the petitioner and the Administrative Agency issuing the violation notice. 24 (c) Parties to Administrative Appeals On the Record. Parties to an administrative
 - appeal to be heard by the Board on the record pursuant to subsection 2.210(b) are limited to the Administrative Agency and the parties of record before the Administrative Agency.

25

1	(d)	Who M	lay Appear. The following individuals may appear before the Board
2	providing that	the indi	vidual, partnership, corporation, trust, association, political subdivision,
3	body or depai	rtment th	ney represent is a party to the proceedings before the Board:
4		(1)	An individual may appear on his or her own behalf.
5		(2)	A member of a partnership may represent the Partnership.
6		(3)	A duly authorized representative of a corporation, trust, or association
7			may represent the Corporation, Trust, or Association.
8		(4)	A duly authorized representative or employee of a political subdivision,
9			body, or Department may represent the political subdivision, body, or
10			Department.
11	(e)	Spoke	sperson. When a group of individuals appear in opposition to a petition,
12	the Board ma	y reques	st them to elect a spokesperson who shall have the power to cross-
13	examine witne	esses, c	all witnesses, introduce evidence on behalf of the group, object to the
14	introduction o	f eviden	ce, make opening and closing statements, and act in a representative
15	capacity solel	y on bel	nalf of those individuals electing the spokesperson. Those individuals not
16	electing to be	represe	ented by a spokesperson may act on their own behalf.
17	(f)	Repres	sentation by Attorney-at-Law. Any party in a proceeding may be
18	represented b	y an att	orney-at-law admitted to practice law before the Court of Appeals of
19	Maryland. Be	fore the	hearing begins the attorney shall give the Board written notification of the
20	names and a	ddresses	s of individuals he or she will be representing and his or her own name,
21	address, and	telephoi	ne number.
22	(g)	Repres	sentatives of Associations; Number of Members; Geographical
23	Limits. An inc	dividual 1	testifying on behalf of any association shall substantiate that he or she is
24	authorized to	speak fo	or and present the views of that association. The authorization may consist
25	of a duly adop	oted reso	olution of the association signed by the President or attested by the

Secretary. The individual testifying shall state the number of members in the association and its

1

2 geographic boundaries. (h) Subpoenas. 3 (1) Request for subpoena; content of request. Persons requesting the Board 4 5 to issue a subpoena shall submit a written request to the Board at least 21 days before the initial hearing. The request shall contain the name and 6 address of the person to be subpoenaed, a brief proffer as to the content 7 and relevance of the person's expected testimony, and a list of all 8 9 documents to be brought to the hearing by the subpoenaed person. The subpoena shall be issued by the Board at least 14 days prior to the date 10 of the hearing. 11 (2) Issuance and service of subpoena. The subpoena shall be signed by the 12 Chairperson of the Board at least 14 days prior to the date of the hearing. 13 14 The signed subpoena shall be promptly delivered to the person requesting the subpoena who shall be responsible for arranging service 15 of the subpoena at least seven days prior to the date of the hearing. The 16 17 person serving the subpoena shall certify in writing that the subpoena was served personally or by certified mail. 18 (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000) 19 20 21 Sec. 2.209. Conduct of Board of Appeals hearings; original jurisdiction. 22 (a) Oath. An individual testifying shall give his or her name and address and take the 23 following oath given by the Chairperson: "Do you solemnly promise to speak truthfully in the 24 testimony you are about to give?" 25 (b) Order of Presentation. (1) The County Solicitor introduces reports and official documents pertaining to the case. 26

1	(2)	Open	pening statements.		
2	(3)	Petitio	tioner's presentation.		
3		(i)	Direct	examination of witnesses.	
4		(ii)	Cross	-examination of witnesses by the opposition, by Board members and by the	
5			Count	y Solicitor.	
6			a.	Individuals questioning the petitioner's witness. Normally, the opposition	
7				or a spokesperson cross-examines, but any individual wishing to question	
8				the petitioner's witness may do so with leave from the Chairperson. The	
9				Chairperson may grant this leave after recognizing the individual who	
10				wishes to question the petitioner's witness and after that individual has	
11				given his or her name, home address, and, if appropriate, its location with	
12				reference to the property which is the subject of the hearing.	
13			b.	Questioning. Questioning shall be brief, pertain only to statements made	
14				by the witness, and shall not be preceded by statements or speeches.	
15				The questioning shall be interrogatory in nature and shall not be	
16				argumentative, nor make allusions about the personality or motives of the	
17				witness. At the discretion of the Chairperson, questions or cross-	
18				examination shall be put in written form and asked by the County Solicitor	
19				or Assistant County Solicitor advising the Board.	
20		(iii)	Re-dir	rect examination of petitioner's witness.	
21		(iv)	Re-cre	oss-examination of petitioner's witnesses.	
22	(4)	Oppo	sition's	presentation.	
23		(i)	Direct	examination of opposition's witnesses.	
24		(ii)	Cross	-examination of opposition's witnesses by the petitioner, by the board	
25			memb	pers, and by the County Solicitor.	
26		(iii)	Re-dir	rect examination of opposition's witnesses	

1		(IV)	Re-cross-examination of opposition's witnesses.		
2	(5)	Petitio	oner's rebuttal. The petitioner may present evidence to rebut any evidence		
3		introd	uced by the opposition, but no new line of testimony may be introduced at this		
4		time.			
5	(6)	Petitio	oner's summation.		
6	(7)	Орро	sition's summation.		
7		(c)	Burden of Proof. The burden of proof is one of a preponderance of the evidence		
8	and is	on the	petitioner to show, by competent, material and substantial evidence, that he or she		
9	is entitled to the relief requested and that the request meets all prescribed standards and				
10	requirements.				
11		(d)	The Board's Action. At the end of the presentation, the Board of Appeals may		
12	grant	or deny	the petition, stating its findings of fact and conclusions of law, or it may take the		
13	case (under a	dvisement for further deliberation and later decision. The Board may not consider		
14	evide	nce fror	m either side after the hearing is concluded; however, the Board, on its own		
15	initiative or in response to a request by a party, may receive or require legal memoranda				
16	summarizing the presentations of the petitioner and the opposition.				
17	(C.B.	95, 198	39; C.B. 70, 1997)		
18					
19	Sec. 2	2.210. (Conduct of administrative appeal hearings.		
20	(a)	De N	ovo Appeals.		
21	(1)	Oath.	An individual testifying shall give his or her name and address after taking the		
22		follow	ring oath given by the Chairperson: "Do you solemnly promise to speak truthfully in		
23		the te	stimony you are about to give?"		
24	(2)	Order	of presentation.		
25		(i)	The County Solicitor or Assistant County Solicitor advising the Board introduces		
26			reports and official documents pertaining to the case.		

1		(ii)	Opening statements.		
2		(iii)	Prese	entation by party(ies) having the burden of proof ("proponent").	
3			a.	Direct examination of witnesses.	
4			b.	Cross-examination of witnesses by adverse party(ies) ("respondent"), by	
5				Board members, and Board's Attorney.	
6			C.	Re-direct examination.	
7			d.	Re-cross-examination.	
8		(iv)	Prese	entation by the respondent.	
9			a.	Direct examination of witnesses.	
10			b.	Cross-examination of witnesses by proponent, by Board members, and	
11				Board's Attorney.	
12			C.	Re-direct examination.	
13			d.	Re-cross-examination.	
14		(v)	Propo	onent's rebuttal.	
15		(vi)	Sumr	mation by proponent.	
16		(vii)	Sumr	mation by respondent.	
17	(3)	Legal	memoranda. The Board may receive or require legal memoranda summarizing the		
18		prese	ntations	s of the parties, either on its own or upon approval of a request made at the	
19		hearir	ng.		
20	(4)	Burde	en of pro	oof.	
21		(i)	In an	appeal of an Administrative Agency's issuance of a notice of violation of	
22			Coun	ty laws and regulations, the burden of proof is upon the Administrative	
23			Agen	cy (proponent) to show, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the	
24			respo	ondent has violated the laws or regulations in question. However, it shall be	
25			the re	espondent's burden to prove all affirmative defenses, including the defense	
26			of no	nconforming use.	

1		(ii)	In all other de novo appeals, the burden of proof is upon the appellant to show		
2			that the action taken by the Administrative Agency was clearly erroneous, and/or		
3			arbitrary and capricious, and/or contrary to law.		
4	(b)	Appe	als On the Record.		
5	(1)	Reco	rd transcript. Within 30 days of filing an appeal on the record from an action of an		
6		Admii	nistrative Agency, the appellant shall file one copy of the record transcript of the		
7		hearir	ng being appealed with the Clerk of the Board, and shall serve one copy of the		
8		record	d transcript with the Administrative Agency and five copies with the Board of		
9		Appe	als.		
10	(2)	Memo	prandum of appellant. Within 15 days of filing the transcript, the appellant shall file a		
11		memo	orandum setting forth concisely all points on which the appeal is based and an		
12		argun	nent in support of each point with the Clerk of the Board, and serve one copy of the		
13		memo	orandum with the Administrative Agency and five copies with the Board of Appeals.		
14		The a	rgument shall include:		
15		(i)	Points of law;		
16		(ii)	References to legal authority;		
17		(iii)	Page citations of particular portions of the record transcript; and		
18		(iv)	Exhibits by number.		
19	(3)	Admii	nistrative Agency's reply memorandum. Within 15 days after the appellant's		
20		memorandum is filed, the Administrative Agency shall file a reply memorandum with the			
21		Board. The memorandum shall answer concisely all points on which the appeal is base			
22		and an argument against each point. The arguments shall include:			
23		(i)	Points of law;		
24		(ii)	References to legal authority;		
25		(iii)	Page citations to particular portions of the record transcript; and		
26		(iv)	Exhibits by number.		

1	(4)	Sanctions for late filing of memorandum. If the appellant fails to file the memorandum				
2		within the time prescribed under this section, the Board may dismiss the appeal.				
3	(5)	Oral arguments. The Board shall entertain oral arguments based upon the record. The				
4		Board may limit the length of oral arguments. For good cause shown, the Board may				
5		receive additional evidence.				
6	(6)	Burden of proof. The burden of proof shall be on the appellant to show that the action				
7		taken by the Administrative Agency was clearly erroneous, and/or arbitrary and				
8		capricious, and/or contrary to law.				
9		(c) The Board's Action. The Board may dismiss the administrative appeal or may				
10		affirm, reverse, or modify the Agency's action, remand the action to the Agency				
11		for further proceedings, or an appropriate combination of the above.				
12	(C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 49, 1992; C.B. 72, 1992; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000)					
13						
14	Sec.	2.211. Decision and order.				
15	(a)	Time Period of Issuance of Decision and Order. Each case shall be decided and a				
16	decis	on and order issued no later than 60 days after the case is deliberated, unless the Board,				
17	on its	own motion and with good and sufficient reason, extends the time to no later than 90 days				
18	after t	he Board concludes its deliberation of a case.				
19	(b)	Decision and Order. The final decision and order of the Board granting or denying the				
20	petitio	on shall be in writing, signed by the voting board members, attested by the Administrative				
21	Assis	tant or the Secretary, and shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law.				
22	The decision and order shall be made a part of the record of the proceedings, filed with the					
23	Depa	rtment of Planning and Zoning, and maintained as part of the official records of the County				
24	(c)	Minority Opinion. Any member who does not agree with the majority opinion may				
25	prepa	re a minority opinion to be attached to the decision and order.				

- 1 (d) Mail Copies to Parties; File Plats or Summaries. When the clerk receives copies of
 2 the decision and order, the clerk shall mail copies to the parties or their representatives. After a
 3 land use petition is granted by the Board, the Department of Planning and Zoning shall file plats
 4 or summaries, provided by the petitioner, with the Howard County office of the Maryland State
 5 Department of Assessments and Taxation.
 6 (e) Appeals from Decisions of the Board. Within 30 days after any decision of the Board
 - of Appeals is entered, any person, officer, department, board or bureau of the County, jointly or severally aggrieved by any such decision, may appeal to the circuit court for Howard County, in accordance with the Maryland Rules of Procedure. The Board of Appeals shall be a party to all appeals and shall be represented at any such hearing by the office of law.
- 11 (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 70, 1997)

- 13 Sec. 2.212. Revisory power of the Board.
- **(a)** Request of a Party. Within 15 days of the Board issuing a decision and order, a party of
 15 record may file a motion for reconsideration. The Board may revise its decision and order if the
 16 party petitioning for reconsideration establishes mistake of fact or mistake of law. The motion for
 17 reconsideration may include a request to suspend the decision and order.
 - (b) Process. The motion shall be in writing. The moving party shall mail or deliver a copy of the motion to each party and certify to the Board that notice to each party has been provided. Any party of record may file a written response to the motion for reconsideration within 15 days of the filing date of a motion for reconsideration. At the discretion of the Board, oral argument may be heard on the motion. The Board shall not consider new or additional evidence unless such evidence could not reasonably have been presented at the hearing. If the Board determines to revise its decision and order, the Board shall send a copy of the revised decision and order to each party.

- 1 (c) Correcting Clerical Error. At any time and without prior notice or hearing, on its own
- 2 initiative or on motion of any party, the Board may modify its decision in order to correct a
- 3 clerical error.
- 4 (d) Time for Appeal to Circuit Court. The filing of a motion for reconsideration does not
- 5 suspend the time for filing an appeal to circuit court unless the Board suspends its decision and
- order. Once an appeal to the circuit court is filed, the Board no longer retains jurisdiction to
- 7 suspend its decision and order or to consider a motion for reconsideration.
- 8 (C.B. 95, 1989; C.B. 70, 1997; C.B. 20, 2000)

- 10 Sec. 2.213. Severability.
- 11 If any clause, sentence, part or parts of this subtitle, or of any section of this subtitle, is held to
- be unconstitutional or invalid, the unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect the validity of
- the remaining parts of this title or of any section.
- 14 (C.B. 95, 1989)