Introduced
Public Hearing —
Council Action———
Executive Action —
Effective Date —

County Council Of Howard County, Maryland

2013 Legislative Session Legislative Day No. 2

Bill No. <u>10</u> -2013

Introduced by: The Chairperson at the request of the County Executive

AN ACT amending certain provisions related to nuisance suits against agricultural operations; amending certain definitions; clarifying the types of properties for which certain protection applies; requiring certain mediation; and generally related to nuisance suits against agricultural operations.

Introduced and read first time, 2013. On	rdered poste	d and hearing scheduled.
	By order_	Stephen LeGendre, Administrator
Having been posted and notice of time & place of hearing & title of for a second time at a public hearing on		g been published according to Charter, the Bill was read
	By order _	Stephen LeGendre, Administrator
This Bill was read the third time on, 2013 and Pass	sed, Pas	sed with amendments, Failed
	By order _	Stephen LeGendre, Administrator
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive a.m./p.m.	ve for appro	val thisday of, 2013 at
	By order _	Stephen LeGendre, Administrator
Approved/Vetoed by the County Executive	_, 2013	
		Ken Ulman, County Executive

NOTE: [[text in brackets]] indicates deletions from existing law; TEXT IN SMALL CAPITALS indicates additions to existing law; Strike-out indicates material deleted by amendment; Underlining indicates material added by amendment.

1	Section 1. Be It Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland, that the Howard
2	County Code is amended as follows:
3	
4	By amending:
5	Title 12 – Health and Social Services
6	Section 12.111 "Nuisance suits against agricultural operations"
7	
8	Title 12. Health and Social Services.
9	Subtitle 1. Health Code.
10	
11	Section 12.111. Nuisance suits against agricultural operations.
12	(a) Short Title. This section shall be known and may be cited as the Howard County Right-To-
13	Farm Act, bill No. 22, 1989.
14	(b) Public Policy. The practice of agriculture has been a mainstay of the economy of Howard
15	County since the land was settled. It is a valued and respected way of life, and the preferred land
16	use in the Rural Conservation (RC) Zoning District, a valued land use in the Rural Residential
17	(RR) Zoning District and on PROPERTY THAT HAS AN AGRICULTURAL USE ASSESSMENT AS
18	DETERMINED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION. [[(1) individual
19	residential properties of 20 acres or more that are subject to perpetual conservation easements; or
20	(2) two contiguous residential properties where the total contiguous acreage equals 20 acres or
21	more and which are subject to one or more perpetual conservation easements.]] The Howard
22	County Council hereby finds and declares that the practice of farming in Howard County should
23	be protected and encouraged.
24	(c) Definitions. [[This]] IN THIS section agricultural operation INCLUDES AGRICULTURE,
25	APIARIES, HORTICULTURE, ORCHARDS, AGRICULTURAL NURSERIES, VITICULTURE, AQUACULTURE,
26	SILVICULTURE, ANIMAL AND POULTRY HUSBANDRY, AND FARMING AS DEFINED IN THE HOWARD
27	COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS. AN AGRICULTURAL OPERATION MAY OCCUR WITHOUT
28	LIMITATION AS TO HOURS OF OPERATION. THE HARVESTING AND PROCESSING OF AGRICULTURAL
29	CROPS AND OTHER USES OR STRUCTURES DIRECTLY RELATED TO OR ACCESSORY TO THE PREMISES
30	FOR FARMING ARE CONSIDERED PART OF AN AGRICULTURAL OPERATION. AGRICULTURAL
31	PRACTICES INCLUDED AS PART OF AN AGRICULTURAL OPERATION INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED

- 1 To: [[includes any one or a combination of the following activities as well as the necessary
- 2 accessory uses for packing, processing, treating, storing or marketing the produce; provided
- 3 however, the operation of any such accessory uses shall be secondary to that of normal
- 4 agricultural activities:]]
- 5 [[(1) Cultivation of land.
- 6 (2) Production of agricultural crops.
- 7 (3) Raising of poultry.
- 8 (4) Production of eggs.
- 9 (5) Production of milk.
- 10 (6) Production of fruit or other horticultural crops.
- 11 (7) Production of livestock, including pasturage.
- 12 (8) Production of bees and their products.
- 13 (9) Production of fish.
- 14 (10) Production of trees.
- 15 (11) The breeding, raising, training and general care of livestock by children and youth
 16 enrolled in an organized program such as 4-H for uses other than food, such as
 17 sport or show purposes, as pets or for family recreation, shall be considered a
 18 normal farming function provided that good agricultural management practices
 19 are followed.]]
- 20 (1) THE TRANSPORTATION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS:
- 21 (2) THE TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, HANDLING, AND APPLICATION OF FERTILIZER, 22 SOIL AMENDMENTS, PESTICIDES, AND MANURE; AND
- 23 (3) THE OPERATION OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT.
- 24 (d) Protection for Agricultural Operations. In [[RR]]RC and [[RC]]RR zoning districts, and on
- 25 PROPERTY THAT HAS AN AGRICULTURAL USE ASSESSMENT AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE
- DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION, [[(1) individual residential properties of 20 acres
- or more that are subject to perpetual conservation easements; or (2) two contiguous residential
- 28 properties where the total contiguous acreage equals 20 acres or more and which are subject to
- one or more perpetual conservation easements,]] an agricultural operation may not LEGALLY BE
- 30 CONSIDERED [[be or become]] a public or private nuisance; and a private action may not be
- 31 sustained on the grounds that the agricultural operation interferes or has interfered with the use
- or enjoyment of other property, whether public or private, if:

1	(1)	The agricultural operation existed before a change occurred in the ADJOINING land			
2		use or occupancy of land [[in the locality of the agricultural operation]] and,			
3		before such change in land use or occupancy of land, the agricultural operation			
4		did not constitute a nuisance; or			
5	(2)	The agricultural operation, including any change in the operation, has been			
6		ongoing for one year or more and the operation or change did not constitute a			
7		nuisance from the date the operation began or the date the change in the operation			
8		began; and			
9	(3)	The agricultural operation is conducted in accordance with generally accepted			
10		agricultural management practices.			
11	11 (e) <i>Exceptions</i> . This section does not apply to:				
12	(1)	An agricultural operation that does not conform to Federal, State or local health or			
13		zoning requirements;			
14	(2)	A Federal, State or local agency when enforcing air, water quality, or other			
15		environmental standards under Federal, State or local law; or			
16	(3)	An agricultural operation that is conducted in a negligent manner.			
17	(F) LIMITATIO	NS OF ACTIONS. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, NO ACTION			
18	ALLEGING THA	AT AN AGRICULTURAL OPERATION CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY			
19	ACCEPTED AG	RICULTURAL PRACTICES HAS INTERFERED WITH THE REASONABLE USE OR			
20	ENJOYMENT O	F REAL PROPERTY OR PERSONAL WELL-BEING SHALL BE MAINTAINED IF THE			
21	PLAINTIFF HAS	S NOT SOUGHT MEDIATION THROUGH THE MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL CONFLICT			
22	RESOLUTION S	SERVICE WITHIN THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AS PROVIDED FOR			
23	IN TITLE 5, SU	BTITLE 4 OF THE COURTS AND JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS ARTICLE OF THE ANNOTATED			
24	CODE OF MAR	RYLAND.			
25	[[(f)]](G) Leg	al Actions in Bad Faith or without Substantial Justification. In any civil action, if a			
26	court finds that the conduct of a plaintiff in maintaining a nuisance CASE against the owner of an				
27	agricultural operation was in bad faith or without substantial justification, the court may require				

the plaintiff to pay to the owner of the agricultural operation the costs of the proceeding and the

reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by the owner of the

agricultural operation in defending against the legal action.

- 2 Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted by the County Council of Howard County, Maryland,
- 3 that this Act shall become effective 61 days after its enactment.